THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

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MEMPHIS APPEAL.

TERMS·

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329 Main Street, Memphis.

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Importance of Hair as an Ornament.

WITHOUT A FINE HEAD OF HAIR NO woman can be really beautiful. Without this crowning excellence of beautiful hair, no lady can obtain without buying it at MADAME LAVIGNE. Call and see for yourselves, for artistic styles and elegance, at 269 1-2 Main street, up-stairs, opposite Court Square.

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☞ First-class Landscape Gardener.

Flowers for Bouquets and Wreaths always on hand.

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MEMPHIS APPEAL.

REBELS.

In the Senate discussion on Tuesday, concerning the removal of political disabilities from certain Southern men, Howard undertook to defend the Republican majority against the imputation of partisanship relieving men who showed a willingness to accept Congressional reconstruction. That was right, but Mr. Howard also went on to say that "the majority would not be swift to readmit the red-handed rebels, who had always been the friends of the present minority of this body, without some security for the future." Now, if "red-handed rebels" means anything, it means ex-Confederate soldiers, and we venture to say that in the South as in the North, those who did the fighting are generally the most conciliatory and politically trustworthy, so far as the Federal Government is concerned. But whether they are or not, the epithet is, to say the least, in bad taste—excusable, perhaps, during the turbulence and passion of war, but not at all helpful in bringing about the "better state of things" we are all hoping for. Why can't such relics of the war be thrown away, since they are now worse than good-for-nothing?

This question is asked by the New York *Times*. It is not difficult to answer it. After those who faced each other on a hundred fields of battle have buried all the animosities engendered by the war, it is profitable to the Jacobin leaders and those who, under them, plunder the country, to keep alive the hatreds which civil war engenders, and to revile with words of obloquy and contumely those whose names success would have made glorious, but from whom the malignity of an ungenerous conqueror exacts the penalties of failure. We are "rebels" because we were not strong enough, or our leaders not wise enough, to succeed.

Whatever we were, we made no war on the North. We asked only a peaceable separation, and offered terms of amity and intimate alliance. We had the right to independence. Our country is large enough, and our people are numerous enough, to entitle us to Nationality. Our offers were rejected, and we reluctantly took up arms against our sister States. Upon *their* heads, and not on ours, is all the blood-guiltiness of the war. If they had let us go in peace, there would have been no blow struck in anger; but two great Republics would have grown on side by side, to bid defiance to the world in arms.

Rebels! All the glories in history cluster round the memories of *such* Rebels,—those who sacrifice all for the independence of their country.

Democrat vs. Jacobin.

The Chicago *Times* thus compares the Democratic party and the Jacobin faction. The language used is very plain, and it is very forcible:

The Jacobins are for the bondholders as against the tax-payers. The Democracy oppose them in this. The Jacobins are for the national banks, and for making levies on the people of $25,000,000 yearly to support the banks. The Democracy say the banks must go down, and the above sum be saved to the people. The Jacobins are for taxing the people hundreds of millions of dollars each year for the "protection" of New England manufacturers. The Democratic party says that those manufacturers ought to have no more protection than they can derive from a tariff for revenue purposes only.

The Jacobin is the party of the monopolists, and the Democratic the party of the people; and the only mainly this distinction can be made, and the more widely the policies of the parties differ in this respect, the greater will be the chances for the success of the Democracy. If the bondholders, or any single class with unlimited capital, imagine that the interests of a class can control the Democratic Convention, they will soon learn their mistake. As to the policy of incorporating the "greenback theory" into the platform, November will show that the votes of tax-payers are more numerous than those of the bondholders. If the latter do not choose to remain in the Democratic party—such of them as are now members of it—where will they go? They know that four years more of Jacobin rule will not only send the Government into bankruptcy, but "straight to the devil." The condition of half of it now is little less than infernal.

The Democracy of the Western States have said to their delegates to the National Convention, in regard to the "greenback theory," as Sumner said to Stanton, "stick." Those delegates will obey their instructions. The men who send them are in earnest. They will not accept any lame or well-conceived and ingenious apologies for "crawfishing" on this subject.

Was Schuyler Colfax a Know-Nothing?

The Cincinnati *Commercial* says:

The Indianapolis *Sentinel*, if we mistake not, is responsible for this paragraph:

"The following is an extract from a letter written by Schuyler Colfax:

"I once registered a solemn oath never to vote for a foreign-born man for any office under the American Government, and to remove all foreigners, aliens and Roman Catholics from office, whenever I might possess the power to do so."

This being pronounced a lie, the *Sentinel* sneaks out of it by endeavoring to prove that it is the substance of an oath taken in initiating members into Know-Nothing lodges. But what becomes of the pretension that it is "an extract from a letter written by Schuyler Colfax?" If we are to go back to the days before the flood for electioneering material, against how many members in good and regular standing in the Democratic party might not the charge of having belonged to the Know-Nothing party, be justly brought?

Everybody knows what the oath was, which we who were Know-Nothings took. A reply to a very simple question will settle the matter as to Colfax: *Was he a Know-Nothing?* Will some one who knows, please to answer? Our impression is, that he was. Is it worth while to try to shirk the issue?

Brownlow's Epitaph.

The Augusta *Chronicle and Sentinel* says it is "authorized to state that the poetical epitaph on Parson Brownlow, going the rounds of the press and purporting to have been given by Father Ryan at a public dinner, in Chattanooga, Tennessee, was never uttered by that gentleman. However much truth there may be in it, Father Ryan, as a Catholic priest and Christian gentleman, would never give utterance to the sentiment. Papers which have copied it will do him an act of simple justice by making the correction."

We did not publish the epitaph, although it was pretty good, for the reason that we were satisfied it had not owed its paternity to Father Ryan, and was obtaining currency "under false pretenses." It was a piece of injustice to "Moina," and, as we expected, awoke anathemas in no very choice phrase from Brownlow himself. Father Ryan can survive the infliction of "the senior editor" of Brownlow's *Whig*, but certainly should not rest under the imputation of having written a *jeu d'esprit* of very doubtful Christianity, whatever may be said of its piquancy.

TENNESSEE.

—Neal's *State Gazette* of the 27th says As an encouraging item to the friends of the Mississippi River Railroad, we will here mention the fact that last week the little corporation of Union City, in Obion county, voted a tax of $30,000 for the benefit of the road, and Col. Morris and Capt. Millington are now energetically engaged in constructing the road through Obion county. While the people of our county are alive to the importance of this great enterprise and are willing to raise their proportion of stock—either by subscription or taxation—our leading citizens are not giving it the attention that it deserves. Action, energetic and prompt, is the thing that we need.

—The Dyersburg *Gazette* says: The crops of our county are suffering severely for the want of rain. If we do not have a good "season" soon, the tobacco and corn crop will be cut short, while the gardens will be entirely ruined.

—The following is given as a sovereign remedy for certain chronic affections. There is not a more delicious preserve, or one more healthy, than the blackberry. The Jackson *Whig* says: "Gather the fruit when perfectly ripe and of good size, subject it to light pounding or grinding, but do not mash the seed. Then add to the pulp one gallon of water to every half bushel—then press and strain through a blanket, and put into a clean cask. As it is put into the cask, to every ten measures of the juice, add one of good proof spirits. Let the cask stand thirty-six hours, then draw off from the sediment and put into a clean cask, again straining. It is then ready for use, and will keep any length of time and improve. Two pounds of common brown sugar to the gallon of the juice, before adding the whisky, must be used."

GENERAL NEWS.

—The Paducah (Ky.) *Herald* of the 25th, says: "We are gratified at being able to state that Lyon county, on Saturday last, gave her vote in favor of the Elizabethtown and Paducah Railroad by a majority of some 50 to 60.

The vote of McCracken for	$500,000
" " Muhlenburg for	400,000
" " Caldwell for	450,000
" " Lyon for	200,000
Total	$1,550,000

Makes up the million and a half of dollars of stock on the line of the road, which Louisville asked before her bonds for one million were to be issued. These bonds will now be promptly issued, and the work on the road will be commenced at once."

—Prof. Tobey, of Alabama, has accepted the Presidency of the Paducah Female College.

—The new Baptist Church at Paducah was dedicated on Sunday the 21st ult. The *Herald*, in speaking of the ceremonies, says: The dedication sermon of Dr. Miller was able and eloquent, combining simplicity with vigor of thought and beauty of expression. His text, taken from Hebrews x, 19 21, was well selected, thoroughly discussed, and his entire remarks highly instructive and appropriate. During the delivery he was listened to with marked attention by the large and intelligent audience assembled on the occasion.

—The Cincinati *Commercial* of the 27th, says: Rev. Adam Poe, D. D., died at his residence in this city, yesterday afternoon. He was a widely-known minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and for the past sixteen years has resided in our city as agent of the Methodist Book Concern. He was an able minister, and actively devoted to his sacred calling.

—The Indianapolis *Journal*, of the 22d, says Senator Morton and family will leave Washington for Indianapolis during this week. The health of the Senator has been failing for some weeks, and his physician demands that he shall leave the Capital and seek rest and recreation.

—The regular dramatic season of the Cincinnati National Theater was closed on the 27th.

—Wm. B. Beall, an old Cincinnatian, a pioneer highly respected, died on the 26th, at Eaton, of heart disease, aged seventy-three.

—Ex-Governor Dennison will be nominated by the Radicals in place of Shellabarger in the Seventh Ohio District, and beyond doubt will be defeated by some clever Democrat.

—A correspondent of the New York *World* gives the following graphic description of "Grant at West Point:" He appeared, as on the previous evening, in a suit of plain black; his shirt-front and vest "sagging" from the slight stoop in his shoulders; his manner is quiet, his eyes as watchful, and his gait as lazy as they usually are. The General has an undeniably "hard" looking face, to which, in respect to whatever of an intellectual cast there is about it, the worst of his portraits do more than justice. His bad complexion and the yellowish brown tints of his grizzled beard, mix, so to speak, with one another, producing an effect quite wretched. Nor is his expression, at its best, calculated to reassure a timid beholder. His much talked of reticence appears by no means to be the reserve of a calm, dignified, modest gentleman. It resembles, rather, the taciturnity, pent with the awkward self-consciousness of one fearful of exposing some intellectual frailty. For a great man, Gen. Grant is not at all fascinating.

—The delay in completing the transfer of St. Thomas to the United States is represented to be accidental. The King has intimated that Santa Cruz will also be disposed of to the United States as soon as the claims of France in connection with that Island are settled.

Insurance Companies as Detectives.

It is beyond doubt a fact that Joseph Brown, who was hanged at Hudson two or three weeks ago, would have gone scot free, and his horrible crime escaped detection but for the Travelers' Insurance Company of Hartford, which was interested to the amount of a $5000 policy. James McCormick, who is to be executed at Fort Dodge, Iowa, on the 10th of July, not only committed murder, but he murdered a policy-holder of the Travelers' which cost the Company $5000, and he was brought to speedy justice. The same Company recently brought to life a captain of the late so-called Confederacy, after being seven months "drowned." Eighty thousand dollars insurance in various Life and Accident Companies was the weight that sunk him—which weight was removed by the prying sharpness of the aforesaid insurance company, which found the captain alive and well, rusticating in Florida. And the Railway Passengers' Assurance Company not long ago put an ex-M. C. in jail, and a dishonest agent in the State prison, for forging insurance on a dead man. So long as such companies shall aid the ends of justice in detecting and punishing criminals, as well as confer benefits upon their patrons, we shall rejoice in their success.

THE Paris *Constitutionnel* states with approbation that the Legislative Body has adopted a bill by which the telegraph charges in France are to be reduced one-half—a very welcome concession to the public. Another reduction is also arranged, which will bring the charge for a message down to a franc—about a quarter of a dollar of our money; but that will not come into operation till the November of next year though the people in general would rather have it at once. But the French policy of movement now-a-days is "slow and sure"—not at all a bad change for that part of the world, where good things were formerly carried out by fits and spasms.

SUMMER RESORTS.

BAILEY SPRINGS, ALABAMA.

THE proprietors of this Watering Place take pleasure in informing their friends and patrons that they have completed their arrangements for the comfort and enjoyment of their guests, and that the Hotel is now open for their reception. The efficacy of these waters in cases of Dropsy, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, diseases peculiar to Females, and all diseases of the Skin and Kidneys, is too well established to need comment. A good Band will serve the ball-room; and the table will be supplied with the best the country affords, while the fishing in Shoal creek and the hunting in the surrounding woods present their usual attractions to visitors. Route via Memphis and Charleston Railroad to Florence, thence by regular Stage Line to the Springs—nine miles.

For descriptive pamphlet, circular, or for information respecting special diseases, address ELLIS & CO., Proprietors,

or H. A. MOODY, M.D., Resident Physician.

je29 1m

YELLOW SULPHUR SPRINGS.

THESE CELEBRATED AND POPULAR Springs, situated in Montgomery county, 8½ miles from Christiansburg Depot, are now open for the reception of visitors, and the attention of the Springs-going public is respectfully invited to the advantages they present. The waters of these Springs are unrivaled in all diseases of Dyspepsia, Cutaneous diseases and Uterine affections, and in cases of Debility act as a

POWERFUL RESTORATIVE.

They have proven eminently useful in many Female Diseases, and in

CHRONIC DIARRHEA

Are regarded as a SPECIFIC.

The natural advantages of this place are UNSURPASSED BY ANY IN THE STATE, being situated almost upon the very summit of the Alleghany Mountains. The air is always cool and bracing, the climate is healthy and salubrious, the water of delightful temperature (55° Fahrenheit), the grounds are shaded, and protected every hour in the day by a thick grove of forest Oaks.

The Hotel and buildings have recently been enlarged, renovated and refitted, and the proprietors flatter themselves they can offer to their guests accommodations unsurpassed by any watering place in the mountains, and confidently ask a visit from the public.

Visitors to the Springs will stop at Christiansburg, where comfortable coaches will be in attendance on the arrival of each train to convey them to the Springs.

RATES OF BOARD:

Per day	$ 3 00
Per week	18 00
Per month	60 00
For a longer period than two months, per month	50 00

Colored servants and Children not occupying seats at first table, half of the above rates.

Dr. JOHN B. KALFORD,
Col. HENRY A. EDMUNDSON,
Maj. JAMES P. EDMUNDSON,
Gen. G. C. WHARTON,
Proprietors.

J. A. DAVIS, formerly of the Norvell House, Lynchburg. Superintendent. je28 eod 1m

KIMBERLING SPRINGS, 25 MILES NORTH of Wytheville, Virginia—Alum, White, Red and Blue Sulphur Waters; Hot, Cold and Vapor Alum and Sulphur Baths, with special treatment for Rheumatism, Gout, Scrofulous and Cutaneous affections; diseases of Throat and Lungs under experienced attendant, but only to the extent of safety and comfort. Nearly every game for amusement and exercise, unrestricted by law, together with double and single barrel shot guns and rifles, provided without charge. For analysis, certificates, etc., see circulars, and refer to W. B. Hunt, R. S. Parham, Sam Tate and P. B. Wills, Memphis, Tenn. Terms—Per day, $2; week, $12; month, $40. Being a new place, accommodations somewhat restricted, and no promises. je5

MONTVALE SPRINGS---1868

THIS FAVORITE SUMMER RESORT, situated in Blount county, East Tennessee, will be opened for the reception of visitors on the 1st of June.

The marked beneficial results attending the use of these waters, in functional derangements of the Liver, Bowels, Kidneys and Skin, and the cure of Chronic Diseases, attest their Medicinal Properties.

All the accessories for enjoyment and recreation at the best watering places will be found here.

The facilities for reaching Montvale this season will be increased by the extension of the Knoxville and Charleston Railroad, now in rapid course of construction, and regular trains are expected to be running, by the time of opening, to Maryville, whence passengers are conveyed in coaches to the Springs, nine miles distant.

Board reduced, per day, to $2; per week, $12; per month, $40. Address for pamphlets containing analysis and description of waters, etc., ma9 1m JOS. L. KING, Knoxville, Tenn.

Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs

Greenbrier County, West Virginia.

THE undersigned, lessees of this old and well-known WATERING PLACE, announce that (encouraged by the liberal patronage received last season) they have largely added to their accommodations in comfort and appearance, and are prepared to entertain FIFTEEN HUNDRED GUESTS.

The Bathing accommodations are in fine order. Hot and warm sulphur baths, so eminently efficacious in many cases, are at the command of visitors at all hours.

In addition to other amusements, they have provided a new and elegant BOWLING ALLEY and BILLIARD ROOM, conveniently located. Prof. Rosenberger's celebrated FULL BRASS BAND has been engaged for the season. A GOOD LIVERY STABLE will be kept on the premises.

The completion of the Virginia Central Railroad to Covington leaves only twenty miles of staging, through a beautiful mountain country, over a well graded turnpike.

TERMS—Three dollars per day, and eighty dollars per month. Children under ten years of age and colored servants, half price. White servants according to accommodations.

je3 1m PEYTON & CO.

IUKA SPRINGS.

IUKA,

Tishomingo County, Miss.

THIS DELIGHTFUL AND PLEASANT watering place

Is Now Open to Visitors.

Situated as it is on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, accessible to all points, under its present management, offers superior inducements to all parties seeking recreation during the summer months.

While the healthful locality and the waters of these Springs alone offer sufficient inducement to visitors, the proprietors will spare no efforts to make this the most desirable place of enjoyment to be found in the South.

☞ A fine band of Music has been engaged for the season.

W. A. STEFFEY,
T. J. BARCHUS,
Proprietors.

ma15 1m

BUENA VISTA SPRINGS.

This unrivaled Watering Place, situated within six miles of Russellville Logan county, Kentucky, was open for visitors the FIRST DAY OF JUNE. The proprietor pledges himself to make his entertainment equal to that of any watering place in the country, and his terms as moderate as the expenses of his establishment will permit. A good BAND OF MUSIC will be on hand during the season.

Conveyances always ready for passengers from Russellville to the Springs in close connection with the daily trains from Memphis, Louisville, etc.

TERMS:

Per day	$ 3 00
Per week	15 00
Per month	50 00
Children under 12 and servants, per day	1 75
Horses, per feed	50
Horses, per day	1 00

je9 1m JAMES M. OWENS, Proprietor.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO ENGAGE IN BUSINESS.

HAVING determined to relinquish business in Memphis, we offer our entire stock for sale until the 10th of July, consisting of a

FIRST-CLASS BINDERY

(complete), together with

Printing Office, Presses, Type, Fixtures, Etc.

Our stock of Blank Books, Paper, Stationery, etc., we will offer for sale at greatly reduced prices from now until the 10th of July.

We also offer for sale a splendid four-horse power portable Engine and Shafting.

Also, one of Roberts' make of Herring's patent Safes, cheap.

C. F. CHAMBERLIN & CO.,
197 Main street, Memphis.

BUCK EYE SALVE,

The Great Remedy for Piles.

Sold by WARD & BRO.,
jy1 215 Main street.

Carver's Cotton Gins.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS IN THIS MARket for the above well known Gin. Planters and Cotton Factors desiring to make purchases of Gins, will find it to their advantage to call on us before purchasing.

ALLISON BROTHERS,
Hardware Dealers,
je27 2ws 279 Front street.

TRANSPORTATION.

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER TUESDAY, THE 16TH INstant, a train will be run between Hopefield and Edmondson's, until further notice, on

Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays, as follows:

Leave Hopefield at 7:30 a.m.,
Returning, leave Edmondson's at 5:30 p.m.
Ferryboat Nevada will leave foot of Union street and connect with train.
Excursion tickets, good for three days, sold at reduced rates.
Tickets for sale at following offices:
Memphis and Charleston Ticket Office, No. 275 Main street.
Memphis and Ohio Ticket Office, No. 237½ Main street.
Levy & Miller's Ticket Office, No. 5 Jefferson street.

JAMES W. ROBERTSON,
je14 tf General Superintendent.

Quickest Route to New York

—AND ALL—

PRINCIPAL NORTHERN CITIES

—IS BY THE—

Memphis & Louisville R. R. Line.

Summer Schedules, June, 1868.

Double Daily Through Trains

RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Memphis	7:00 a.m.	4:00 p.m.
Arrive at Louisville	4:00 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
" Indianapolis	10:50 a.m.	6:00 p.m.
" Cincinnati	12 noon.	11:50 p.m.
" Cleveland	9 50 p.m.	6 50 a.m.
" Buffalo	5:20 a.m.	1:35 p.m.
" Niagara Falls	10:00 a.m.	4:05 p.m.
" Pittsburg	2:30 p.m.	10:45 a.m.
" Baltimore	6:20 p.m.	4:20 a.m.
" Washington	10:00 p.m.	5:15 a.m.
" Philadelphia	6:10 p.m.	1:25 a.m.
" New York	7:40 p.m.	5:00 a.m.
" Boston	12 night.	4:00 p.m.

Both Trains connect for Nashville.

The 4:00 p.m. connects for Cairo and St. Louis, arriving at St. Louis at 7:30 p.m. next day.

THROUGH TICKETS

At reduced rates, can be procured at Company's Office, 237½ Main street, and at Depot, head of Main street.

☞ Baggage Checked at Depot or by the Memphis City Transfer Company; at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board boats, to all principal points East and North.

SAM. B. JONES, Superintendent.
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. je8

ARKANSAS STAGE LINES

—FROM—

LITTLE ROCK

TO BENTON,

HOT SPRINGS,

Rockport, Arkadelphia, Spoonville, Antwine, Washington, Clarksville, Texas; Tulip, Ark. Princeton, Camden, Louisville, Russellville, Dardanell, Clarksville, Lewisburg, Ozark, Van Buren, Fort Smith.

Office at the Anthony House, Little Rock, Arkansas. D. J. CHIDESTER & CO., Proprietors.

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HARDWARE.

Prices Reduced!

TENNESSEE IRON STORE.

ALLISON BROTHERS,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

No. 270 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

WE have removed our Stock of Hardware from the old stand, 224 Main street, and in connection with a full and replenished stock of

Builders', Farmers' & Mechanics' Hardware,

—EMBRACING—

NAILS,
CHAINS,
PLOWS,
HOES,
AXES,
ANVILS,
VISES,
CUTLERY,
GUNS,
PISTOLS,
POWDER
SHOT,
LEAD,

Blacksmiths' & Carpenters' Tools,

BUILDERS' MATERIAL

—AND—

HEAVY HARDWARE.

We also offer at reduced price, a large and complete stock of the celebrated TENNESSEE CHARCOAL IRON; also, the cheaper "Kentucky," or "B." iron, made by Hillman, Bro. & Sons, at the Tennessee Rolling Works. They are the only manufacturers of these justly popular brands of iron, proven to be far superior to any Ohio River Pudded iron. Being their sole Agents in this market, (having succeeded Messrs. Paul & Crocket), we can offer inducements and make it to the interest of Merchants, Manufacturers and Farmers to purchase from us.

☞ A liberal discount from Price List allowed to Dealers. ALLISON BROTHERS.

June 9, 1868. je9

BUCK EYE SALVE,

GREAT REMEDY FOR PILES.

Sold by W. C. POTTER,
jy1 No. 335 Main street, corner Union.

GEORGE M. THEW, ASSIGNEE OF THE President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Augusta, In Equity, vs. Archibald Boggs and Others, Creditors of said Corporation.

It appearing to the Court, by affidavit filed in pursuance of the rule of Court, that Thomas Branch, James R. Branch, of the State of Virginia; William Haughaday, John James, William G. Peters, Clinton J. Brown, Miles G. Dobbins, Lemuel P. Grant, Lewis J. Dupree, Thomas H. Clarke, Benjamin C. Yancey, James S. Hamilton, Stevens Thomas, Albin P. Dearing, Young L. G. Harris, Robert Thomas, Benjamin F. Hardeman, Millege Murphy, William Cline, Charles O. Hillman, Andrew J. Cheesy, John C. Lee, Willis Kilgore, John Carter, William H. Murphy, Jasper N. Pitman, John W. Stewart, all of different counties in the State of Georgia, other than Richmond county; Thomas J. Mackie, of South Carolina; Robert A. Wash, of Missouri; William B Shappard, of Alabama; John Ramage and Hugh McRae, of Tennessee; John D. O'Leary, of Kentucky; and Benjamin F. Allen, of Iowa or Wisconsin; reside out of the county of Richmond, in which the above cause, which has been filed in the Clerk's office of this Court, returnable to June Term, 1868, of said Court, has originated: It is therefore ordered that a copy of this order be served upon the said defendants, or published once a week for six weeks in some public gazette in the States of Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Kentucky, Virginia, Missouri, Iowa or Wisconsin, or an acknowledgment of service be obtained from said defendants, and that the said defendants do then appear and answer said bill at the said June Term, 1868, of this Court, or in default thereof, that said bill be taken as confessed against said defendants, and that said cause do then proceed without them.

GEORGIA, RICHMOND COUNTY,
Clerk's Office, Superior Court:

I, Lafayette McLaws, Clerk of said Court, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the order of said Court in the case stated, as recorded February 16, 1868, upon the Minutes of the Court folio (525).

Witness my official signature and [SEAL] seal of said Court this 23d day of April, 1868.

LAFAYETTE McLAWS,
ma3 law4w Clerk S. C., R. C., Ga.

THE LIFE AND REMAINS

—OF—

Gen. WILLIAM T. HASKELL

Now being compiled and arranged

By Rev. R. H. RIVERS.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are solicited to this work, which, when compiled, will embrace between four and five hundred 12 mo. pages, printed upon calendered paper in bold, clear type, and bound in a creditable manner.

Gen. HASKELL was one of the most brilliant men and eloquent orators that Tennessee has ever given to our common country. This will be shown not only by a brief and truthful narrative of the chief incidents of his eventful life, but by presenting the reader with his Remains, consisting of Poems, Essays, Letters and Orations.

If the personal friends and admirers of the great Tennessean will subscribe liberally at once, the work can be delivered by November, 1868.

The profits arising from the sale of the work will be devoted to erecting a monument to his memory.

Terms—$3 per copy, payable on delivery.

N. B.—Subscribers may leave their names with Col. J. H. McMAHON, No. 43 Madison street, or with J. M. KEATING, Esq. je26 7t

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WASH. S. TAYLOR. W. L. RADFORD. W. E. MCGUIRE

TAYLOR, RADFORD & CO.,

(Successors to Taylor, Cole & Co.),

Cotton Factors

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Between Main and Front,

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FLOUR, KILNDRIED AND FRESH BOLTED Nashville Mills Cornmeal, Tennessee Corn, Smoking and Manufactured Tobacco, Canned, Dove and Spiced Oysters, Lobsters, Pine Apples, Cherries, Strawberries, Pears, Blackberries, Green Peas, Green Corn, Damsons and Peaches, for sale, to the trade. ma24 1m

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—AND—

Commission Merchants,

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MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

je4 3m

W. H. ANDREWS,

Removed to No. 280 Front street, Two Doors above Old Stand,

GENERAL GROCERY & COMMISSION

MERCHANT.

ESPECIAL attention to consignments of all kinds. Large stock of Plantation Supplies always on hand, at lowest prices. Terms strictly cash. mh29 tf

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Produce, Feed and Commission

MERCHANTS,

NO. 2 HOWARD'S ROW, MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Consignments respectfully solicited. feb26 6m

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COTTON FACTORS

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Produce & Commission Merchants,

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Liberal cash advances on all consignments of Cotton and Produce. Plantation supplies of all descriptions, at lowest prices. Commission for selling Cotton as heretofore, $1 per bale. feb2

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JUST RECEIVED,

HUNGARIAN GRASS SEED—At Craig's Seed Store

SEED BUCKWHEAT—At Craig's Seed Store.

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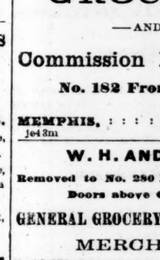

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AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

7 Monroe street.

ja30

Notice.

THE following property, in the hands of the Memphis City Transfer Company, will be sold to pay freight and charges, if not called for and removed within thirty days:

One TWO-HORSE WAGON,
One TRUNK—no mark.
One BOX BOTTLES, marked Dr. Snell.

E. P. FONTAINE, Agent.
Office M. C. T. Co., Memphis, June 23, 1868.
je23 10t

EUNOMIANS

Of LaGrange Synodical College.

IT has been thought advisable to hold a meeting for the disposition of our Society Property. The meeting will be held at Oxford, Miss., in the University Chapel, on WEDNESDAY, June 24, 1868. It is hoped that all the members will attend, or communicate their wishes by writing.

je12 1w JAMES D. WEST, President.

OFFICE SOUTHERN LIFE INS. CO.,
MEMPHIS, TENN., June 24, 1868.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the purpose of elect

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

ALBERT PIKE & CO.

Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

For President of the United States,

ANDREW JOHNSON,

OF TENNESSEE.

Subject only to the decision of the National Democratic Conservative Convention.]

PLATFORM OF THE TENNESSEE DEMOCRACY.

1st. The Conservative men of Tennessee, putting aside all questions decided by the war, accept the title of 'Democrats,' and formally unite themselves with the Democratic party as it now exists.

2d. The question of the right of a State to secede from the Union has been decided by arms, and that decision should be accepted as final and conclusive.

3d. Nevertheless, while the Constitution makes the Federal Government supreme, it is so only with well defined limitations and restrictions, leaving the States large rights and powers over their domestic concerns, and making them coequal in respect of such rights; and these rights have not been impared by the result of the war, or the powers of the General Government aggrandized by it, to the endangerment of public liberty.

4th. The extinguishment of African Slavery is recognized as a fact, ratified by a binding Constitutional Amendment.

5th. The investiture of negroes with the right of suffrage, by the Congress of the United States, and the disfranchisement of white men, by the same authority, is a gross usurpation of power, and a policy unjust, unwise and oppressive, and tending to excite a war of races: the white men of America are entitled to superiority and supremacy in the administration of the Federal and State governments; and any measure intended to deprive them of it, or to divide or impair it, greatly endangers the perpetuity of free republican institutions.

6th. The faith of the nation is pledged to the payment of the national debt, according to the terms of the laws under which the bonds were issued, and not otherwise. The time of payment of the bonds ought not to be extended; the principal of the five-twenty bonds ought to be paid in currency, and the money granted to the National banks to be withrawn.

7th. The Government bonds should be taxed in the hands of the bondholders, equally with other property.

8th. The doctrines and practices of the Radical party, which endeavors, by encroaching upon the powers of the Executive and Judicial branches of the Government, to absorb in the Legislative Department all powers, tend to the destruction of the Republican system of Government and the civil liberties of the people.

9th. Equal and exact justice to all men, of whatever State or persuasion, religious or political; peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations; entangling alliances with none; the support of the State Governments in all their rights, as the most competent administration of our domestic concerns and the surest bulwark against anti-Republican tendencies; the preservation of the General Government in its whole constitutional vigor, as the sheet anchor of peace at home and safety abroad; a jealous care of the rights of election by the people and the supremacy of the civil over the military authority.

10th. Andrew Johnson the first choice of the Democracy of Tennessee; but their Delegates left free to unite in selecting another as the candidate for the Presidency.

THE VICTORY IN MISSISSIPPI.

Supposing that the measures of Radicalism were so well taken as to insure the success of Scalawagism and the adoption of the counterfeit Constitution, that was to be voted on by part of the people and all the negroes, we were taken by surprise when the thing was reported to be defeated by a large majority. We supposed, indeed, that in consequence of the great number of negro voters in comparison to those of the white race, there would be no necessity to resort to frauds in order to obtain a majority for the Constitution; and that, in the absence of temptation, Radicalism might refrain from rascality.

When we saw the printed returns from a large number of the counties, we still thought there must be some mistake about the matter, and rather doubted whether we were not dreaming. There is no longer any doubt of the defeat of the Constitution, by how large a majority we cannot say,—the Mississippi journals put it at 15,000,—and still the great victory hardly seems to us like an accomplished fact. We remember that the Constitution which now afflicts Arkansas was at first reported rejected, and *was* rejected, perhaps by eight thousand majority; and yet, by the use of incredible frauds, and undisguised villainies, a military report was procured, declaring it adopted. Similar manipulations are threatened in Mississippi, and may succeed. If they should, the "Constitution" of Mississippi will have just a little validity and binding force, for it will be the work of Force and Fraud, and not of the will of the people of the State. No man will owe it a voluntary obedience, even if he voted for it; and it will stand only so long as it is maintained by force. The white men of the Southern States are certain to rule in the end, and the creatures who imprudently pretend to represent them in Congress will not be suffered long to hold what they have gained by sheer usurpation.

The real people of Mississippi have done nobly. A year ago it was believed that they were in favor of reconstruction. We suppose they were so; nor was that to be wondered at, when such men as Albert G. Brown declared themselves in favor of submission and urged upon the people the acceptance of the humiliating terms dictated by Congress. Prominent journals, edited by men who had fought bravely for the Confederate cause, believing it better to accept those terms, than "to go further and fare worse," advocated that acceptance, with, sometimes, a somewhat unnecessary and intemperate zeal; and rebuked what they termed the "intermeddling" of the APPEAL with the affairs of Mississippi, advising us to confine our labors to the field offered by Tennessee.

Those journals have since seen their error, and manfully admitted it. Where Gov. Brown has lately stood, we are not informed; but the inclination of the people towards acceptance of the Congressional terms began to change months ago, and, at last, when other States required by every consideration of self-respect to stand firmly by the right "to the last gasp, with truth and loyalty," became faint-hearted, and yielded, and are re-admitted into the Union upon conditions that make them the inferiors of Nevada and Oregon, conditions that dishonor them, exacting from their white citizens a pledge of honor that they will never seek to regain their lost authority and rightful exclusive exercise of the powers of government, by taking from the negro the right of suffrage, Mississippi has pronounced *her* determination not to accept such terms, nor to acknowledge the validity of the abortion and abomination which apes a Constitution, and which they *could* not vote for, except under duress, or by a shameful self-divestiture of manhood.

South Carolina and Mississippi were the foremost States, when the South determined that the Union had become a burthen and a danger, to withdraw from it, in order to apply force to those that hated, and *compel* them, also, to shut their eyes and take the leap. Mississippi should never have voted that her Ordinance of Secession was null and void. We will not say why, since she has nobly redeemed herself. She has done her duty. Thanks be to God, *all* is not lost. The unconquerable will remains, and there *are* men, by thousands, who prefer the rule of the bayonet and Military Autocracy, to self-degradation, and the tame submission which the oppressor loves.

We send to Mississippi, as our cry of sorrow, and yet of exultation and of hope, this Lament. The lacerated and agonized soul always seeks to express itself in poetry, the language of feeling, patriotism, sympathy and love. We *love* the South. It is *our* South. We *belong* to it, body and soul. Its honor is *our* honor, and its shame *our* shame. We are, *in law*, a felon, under indictment for *treason*. We are, in fact, among those who are truest to the Constitution, as the Fathers read it and the Nation interpreted it. Union or no Union, Nation or no Nation, we are the bond-servant of the South. If reason for this is wanted, by those who always doubt the sincerity of honest men, it is enough to say that in the bosom of the South the children that have been born to us lie buried.

LAMENT FOR DIXIE.

[TO BE SUNG SLOWLY, AS A DIRGE.]

Southrons, conquered, subjugated,
Mourn your country devastated,
Mourn for hapless, hopeless Dixie!
For homes once happy, desolated,
Churches and altar desecrated;
Mourn for fallen, ruined Dixie!
Lament the fall of Dixie!
Alas! Alas!
On Dixie's land we still will stand,
And live or die for Dixie.
Endure! Endure!
All ills endure for Dixie!
Endure! Endure!
All ills endure for Dixie!

Lament your dead whose bones lie bleaching,
Courage to the living teaching;
Mourn, but still be proud, for Dixie!
Lament your southland, crushed and trampled,
Bearing scorn's unexampled,
Mourn, but still be proud, for Dixie!
Lament, etc.

Prey despoiled and victim bleeding,
Not to man for mercy pleading,
But to God alone cries Dixie:
Cross of anguish bravely bearing,
Crown of thorns in patience wearing,
Patient and resigned is Dixie.
Lament, etc.

All our States lie fainting, dying,
Each to each with sobs replying,
Each still loving, honoring Dixie:
By the accurst scourge lacerated,
By her freed slaves ruled and hated,
She is still our own dear Dixie.
Lament, etc.

Dear to us our conquered banners,
Greeted once with loud hosannahs;
Dear the tattered flag of Dixie:
Dear to us our heroes' glory,
In song immortal and in story;
Dear the honored dead of Dixie.
Lament, etc.

Conquered, we are not degraded,
Mourners, laurels have not faded;
Mourn, but not in shame, for Dixie!
Deck your heroes' graves with garlands,
Till the echo comes from far lands,
"Honor to the Dead of Dixie!"
Lament, etc.

Honor is not lost unto us,—
Baseness only can undo us;
Mourn,—you cannot blush,—for Dixie!
Kneeling at your country's altar,
Swear your children not to falter
Till the Right shall rule in Dixie.
Lament, etc.

If her fate be sealed, we'll share it;
By our shroudless dead we swear it;
Ours the life or death of Dixie!
By her Fa'l's all glorious story,
By our laureled Dead's great glory,
We will live or die with Dixie.
Lament, etc.

Shall there to our night of sorrow
Be no glad and bright to-morrow?
Is Hope, even, lost to Dixie?—
Every dark night hath its morning,
Long, though, delayed its dawning:—
Wait! be patient! pray for Dixie!
Hope for dawn for Dixie!
Endure! Endure!
On Dixie's land we still will stand,
And pray and hope for Dixie.
Endure! Endure!
All ills endure for Dixie!
Endure! Endure!
All ills endure for Dixie!

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF MEMPHIS APPEAL.

CINCINNATI & LOUISVILLE U. S. M. LINE,
STEAMER "AMERICA," June 29, 1868.

As you perceive from the heading of this letter, I write you on board the famous "double-deck" steamer America, of the regular line between Louisville and Cincinnati. It is literally crowded with passengers, all bound for the Great Convention. Mississippi is represented by a full delegation, among whom I find Gen. Featherston, Col. Yerger, Col. McCardle and others noteable in our sister State. Our own State of Tennessee is not without a faithful representation of its intelligence and respectability. Kentucky, however, overtops all in numbers—every man of her delegation being strongly committed to Pendleton. This is the case with the delegation from Indiana, half of that from Illinois, and perhaps two-thirds of that of Ohio. So far as I can learn that is the extent of the Pendleton fever in the West. The Missouri people are a unit for Frank Blair, and half of those of Illinois, and I have reason to believe the Democracy of Iowa are inclining strongly toward him. The party in Wisconsin and Michigan are squinting toward Doolittle or his favorite, perhaps Johnson himself, who I find is held in higher esteem by reason of the impeachment fiasco than he has been at any time since his advent to the Presidency. The Pacific States, as those of the South, will be represented in the Convention by men desirous of success, and who will assist to make a nomination that will be a means to that end. The trouble, if any there is to be, which I very much doubt, will originate in a contest between the East and the West on the goid-paying bond question. It is thought that as a master stroke the Pendleton people will try to commit the Convention by resolutions on this question, secure the inside track, cut Chase, and compel the nomination of their candidate as the champion of their pet idea. With those with whom I have conversed, who consider themselves among Pendleton's strongest friends, I discover a captiousness that is only pardonable when the subject of it confesses to a hero-worship, akin to that which at one time, and does yet, characterize Kentuckians for Gen. Breckinridge. I find much of this feeling abroad for Pendleton, amounting to positive enthusiasm, sometimes impatiently expressed, yet I am not without hope that with them as with all, expediency will come to be the paramount sentiment, and all individual or sectional claims be sunk in a united effort for our common country. Our people will learn with pleasure that, as the time draws near for the assembly of the Convention, upon whose deliberations and judgment so much of peace and prosperity depend, their peculiar, and in a Republic, anomalous position under Radical tyranny attracts particular attention, and while some are of opinion that it should be the first work, many think it should be *the* work of the Convention, so to shape events as that the tables may in that regard be completely turned next November. There is no use talking to a man about banks, bonds and the pursuit of happiness, with the negro heel upon him, and a mercenary scalawag, carpet-bag, Radical rascal standing over him ready to club him to death upon the least move. Relieve us of the negro incubus and we will relieve ourselves of the Radicals, and that done, we can address ourselves to the consideration of the tariff, the banks, the gold-bearing bonds, and any other monetary wickedness inflicted upon the country by Grant's Grand Army of the Republican party. Relief for the South should be the paramount effort of the Convention. Until that is accomplished it is useless to talk of taxes or taxation. Money is as nothing in the scale with a man's life and liberty. Meeting, as I believe it will, with this determination, the Convention has but to nominate its man, to insure Grant such a defeat as befel poor Scott when he tickled the foreign population with the sweet German accent and neat Irish brogue.

I hear from Alabama, Georgia, Mississippi and Arkansas, and from our own State, that the crop prospects are the finest, or, as the good old patriot, Col. McLean, would say, "the best in the world," and the people are jubilant over the fact, and the probable and possible defeat of Radicalism.

It is estimated that not less than two hundred thousand persons, from the various States, will attend the Convention. All are enthusiastic and hopeful. It will be the greatest and grandest political gathering ever assembled on this continent. I hope the results will be commensurate with its powers and importance.

I have to thank Col. Sam Jones, of the Memphis and Ohio Railroad, for attentions, and his namesake and handsome compatriot of Louisville, agent for the Mail Line of that city. J. M. K.

BY TELLGRAPH.

Night Dispatches.

NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, July 2.—The panic in Tennessee bonds causes a strong feeling against the Northern bondholders, and threats are freely made of demanding indemnity for loyal losses before the payment of the bonds.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Butler has completed his report in behalf of the impeachment managers. It has not been read at an informal meeting yet, but probably will be to-morrow, in which case it will be sent to the House without delay.

NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, July 2—There was a quorum in both Houses of the Legislature to day.

Chief Justice Pearson and his associates, together with Gov. Holden, were sworn in.

Joseph W. Holden, Jr., a son of the Governor, was elected Speaker of the House.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, July 2.—The military are still under arms to-day, though much less extensive exists.

The resolution adopted in the Senate yesterday that the roll furnished by the Military Commander be called, and those who can take the constitutional oath be admitted to seats, appears on the minutes simply that the roll be called, omitting the words "by the Military Commander," which are in the resolution as adopted. Objection to this was choked off by the previous question. The Democratic members also objected to Campbell being allowed to vote.

Faint conciliatory overtures were made to-day, the Democrats taking the initiative.

The joint resolution ratifying the 14th amendment was adopted.

Twelve Democratic members of the House were sworn in to-day.

Another unsuccessful effort was made to have the roll called as furnished by Gen. Buchanan.

A bill appropriating $150,000 to defray the expenses of the Legislature was passed. Several other bills were presented, but not acted upon.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, July 2.—Gen. Napier arrived to-day and was most enthusiastically received. Both Houses of Parliament unanimously passed a vote of thanks to him and the officers and men of the Abyssinian expedition.

PARIS, July 2.—In the Corps Legislatif to-day, M. Mayne, Minister of Finance, during the debate on the budget, replied to the attack which had been made on the Government for continuing its military preparations, and declared that the armament or disarmament was equally a gage of peace.

M. Motier said that nations were led to arm themselves by fear of France, for she held the lead among the nations of Europe, and could easily dispense with her costly armament, and then her financial condition would improve.

BELGRADE, July 2.—The National Chamber of Servia has confirmed the succession of Milan IV, to the throne of the Principality, and has also indorsed the Regency appointed during his minority. The Prince made a brief speech before the Chamber, in which he declared "that, though young, he would strive to learn to make the people happy." Great rejoicings are now going on in this city, and throughout the Principality.

STUTGARDT, July 2.—Minister Bancroft has arrived here to negotiate with the Wurtenburg Government for the ratification of the naturalization treaty with the United States.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 2.—Geo. W. Woodward was elected Chairman of the Delegation to the Convention at Philadelphia to-day.

It is stated that a letter has been received from Judge Chase, in which he announced his determination to support the Democratic nominee, whoever he may be.

The New Hampshire delegation arrived this morning, and the new delegates will be here to-morrow morning.

The Pendleton escort arrived to-day.

Appearances indicate that Pendleton has the most positive strength, but it is not deemed sufficient to insure his nomination.

There is no probability of a repeal of the two-thirds rule.

The Indiana delegation held a meeting at St. Nicholas to-day, and organized by choosing Fitch as Chairman.

The statement that Hendricks has declined is erroneous, and the Indiana delegation will support him after it becomes evident that Pendleton cannot be nominated. His position is that Indiana having formed part of the Pendleton column cannot in good faith desert Mr. Pendleton, but he does not refuse the use of his name in the event that it is needed to insure harmony, and the Indiana delegation will doubtless vote for him after the first ballot.

The New York delegation held an informal meeting at the St. Nicholas to-day, with Samuel J. Tilden in the chair. There was a unanimous expression of opinion for Seymour, but he personally declined the use of his name by the New York delegation. Considerable discussion followed, Mr. Tilden taking a leading part, and counselling delay of action. One delegate proposed to take a vote on Chase, but found no supporter, and by nearly a unanimous vote the delegation adjourned until to-morrow for consultation with the newly arrived delegates from abroad.

The position of Gov. Seymour seems to be, that he will not permit the use of his name by the New York Convention, and will only accept the nomination if spontaneously tendered him.

The most of the delegates here appear confident of success in November, and the first choice of many, and the second choice of nearly all, is Hendricks.

A strong effort is being made to secure the vote of the Pennsylvania delegation for Pendleton, and the support of George W. Cass, of Pittsburg, by the Pendleton men, is promised in return.

Frank P. Blair has sent a letter to Col. Broadhead, in which he leaves it to him, after a consultation with his friends, whether his name shall be presented to the Democratic Convention, for he (Blair) says there is but one way to restore the Government and the Constitution, and that is for the President elect to declare the reconstruction acts null and void, compel the army to undo its usurpation at the South, displace the carpet-bag Governments, allow the white people to reorganize their own Governments and elect Senators and Representatives—for the House of Representatives will contain a majority of Democrats from the North, and they will admit the Representatives from the South, who are elected by the white people; and, with the co-operation of the President, it will not be difficult to compel the Senate to submit once more to the obligations of the Constitution. It will not be able to withstand the public judgment if distinctly enrolled and clearly expressed on this fundamental issue, and it is the sure way to avoid all future strife to put these issues plainly to the country. I repeat, says he, that this is the real and only question which we should allow to control us, "Shall we submit to the usurpations by which the Government has been overthrown, or shall we exert ourselves for its full and complete restoration?" It is idle to talk of greenbacks or of gold, the public faith or the public credit. What can a Democratic President do in regard to any of these with a Congress in both branches controlled by the carpet-baggers and their allies? He will be powerless to stop the supplies by which idle negroes are organized into political clubs, by which an army is maintained to protect these vagabonds in their outrages upon the ballot. These and things like these eat up the revenues and resources of the Government, and destroy its credit, and make the difference between gold and greenbacks. We must restore the Constitution before we can restore the finances, and to do this we must have a President who will execute the will of the people, by trampling into the dust the usurpations of Congress, known as the reconstruction acts, and will wish to stand before the Convention on this issue, but it is one which embraces everything else in its large and comprehensive results. It is the one thing that includes all that is worth a contest, and without it there is nothing that gives dignity, honor or value to the struggle."

The Maryland and part of the Illinois delegations arrived this afternoon. The former talk mildly in favor of Chase.

The Pendleton escort was not enthusiastically received on its arrival to-day.

Francis P. Blair, sr., speaks in Fourteenth street, in the vicinity of Tammany Hall, to-morrow night.

The Southern delegations hold a general meeting to-morrow, to decide upon the course they will pursue.

The talk at the principal hotels to-night favors a ticket composed of Hendricks and Hancock.

Three little girls, named Mary Sullivan, Margaret Doherty and Ann Carrol, while bathing in a pond near Douglass street, in Brooklyn, to-day, got beyond their depth and were drowned. Mrs. Doherty, the mother of one of the children, and Jos. McGee, who endeavored to rescue the children, were also drowned. Their bodies have been recovered.

The hurdle race at Jerome Park to-day was won by Eagle, by a length, beating Blackbird and Gerard. The betting just previous to the race was nine to six on Blackbird against the field. Time, 3:22¼. The race for three year olds was won by Gen. Duke, by two lengths, beating Hotspur. Time, 3:18¾. The grand national stake, three mile heats, was won by DeCoursey, Onward breaking down at the commencement of the third mile.

The attendance at Jones' Wood at the Schuetzenfest was very large, and the shooting, which was excellent, continued throughout the day, the trial of the breach-loaders occurring in the afternoon.

CONGRESSIONAL.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Hooper, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported a bill to collect ten per cent. on the interest on United States bonds, by making six per cent. interest (5 4 10 per cent.) The five per cent. interest (4 5-10 per cent.), and the three per cent. interest (2 7 10 per cent.) The report declares that the committee does not approve of the bill, and only report it in obedience to the order of the House. The bill and report were ordered to be printed, and referred to the Committee of the Whole.

Butler, of Massachusetts, asked leave to introduce a bill to equalize taxation and reduce the public debt, proposing a funding system of perpetual four per cent. annuities, payable in gold, and untaxable.

Randall objected.

Stevens, of Pennsylvania, from the Reconstruction Committee, reported a bill to provide for the erection of not more than two additional States out of the territory of the State of Texas, which was ordered to be printed and recommitted.

The bill reported yesterday from the Committee on Private Lands, was called up, to declare void claims to certain parties their rights under the laws and treaties of the United States.

Stone, who had charge of the bill, accepted the amendment suggested yesterday by Johnson, saving the rights of the settlers under the pre-emption or homestead laws. After considerable discussion the bill was passed.

The Senate's amendments to a large number of pension bills were non-concurred in, and they were referred to a Conference Committee.

Banks gave notice that on Tuesday next he would move to go into a Committee of the Whole, on the Alaska bill. This postpones the bill until that day.

The House then went into a Committee of the Whole, and took up the Senate's amendments to the Legislative, Judicial and Executive appropriation bills, and Blaine addressed the committee on the financial condition of the country.

The House then adjourned with the understanding that it would meet at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning, and that there would be no session on Saturday.

SENATE.

Frelinghuysen reported from the Committee on Naval Affairs a joint resolution to admit certain persons to the Naval Academy. It authorizes the Secretary of the Navy to receive at the Naval Academy not exceeding six persons to be designated by the Government of Japan, provided no expense to the United States is involved.

Edmonds introduced a bill to fix the time for the meeting of Congress, viz: the third Monday in November, which was placed on the calendar.

Patterson, of New Hampshire, from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, reported a bill to improve the efficiency of the diplomatic and consular service of the United States.

Howard presented the credentials of A. S. Welch, the newly elected Senator from Florida, who came forward and took his seat at the extreme left, behind McDonald, of Arkansas.

Patterson, of Tennessee, offered an amendment to the civil appropriation bill, which was agreed to, appropriating $25 000, to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to enlarge the lots in Nashville purchased for the erection of a customhouse, and after some debate, the civil appropriation bill was passed.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, July 2—Cotton a shade firmer, sales 1900 bales; uplands 32c. Rice nominally unchanged. Coffee quiet. Sugar in moderate request, Cuba 11⅝@12c. Molasses nominally unchanged. Flour quiet and 5@10c lower. Wheat $1 75@2 05. Corn $1 42 02.

Dry Goods—Printing cloths 8¾@9c; prints 11 @11½c; heavy brown sheetings 16@18c.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, July 2.—Cotton firm and higher, middlings 33c; sales 414 bales; receipts 114; exports 266. Sterling 38@38. New York Sight ½ premium. Gold 40. Flour nominal; superfine $7. Corn quiet 90@95c. Oats dull 70c. Hay $18@20. Pork quiet $35. Bacon, shoulders 13c; clear sides 17c. Lard soul, to arrive, at 19¾c for choice keg—quoted here at 18@20c.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, July 2.—Tobacco less active, sales 124 hnds; lugs $7@9; medium to fair leaf $10@15; cutting leaf $18@22 c6. Hart county wrappers $48 50. Superfine Flour $7. Wheat, new $1 85. Corn 90@93c. Oats 75c. Rye $1 75. Pork $27 75@28. Bacon, shoulders 12½c; clear sides 16¾c. Bulk Shoulders 11¾c; clear sides 15¾c. Lard, tierce 16c. Whisky nominal.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, July 2.—Tobacco heavy. Superfine Flour $6@6 75. Wheat $2 15@2 25. Corn 77a85c. Oats 70@74c. Pork $27 75. Bacon, shoulders 12½c; clear sides 15½c; hams 19@20½c. Lard 17c.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, July 2.—Flour dull, family $9 25. Corn 85c. Oats 70@73c. Wheat nominally lower, $2@2 05. Whisky 33@35c, bonded. Pork $27 50. Bulk Shoulders 12½c; sides 13c. Bacon, shoulders 12¾c; sides 15¾@16c. Butter 22@30c. Eggs 13c.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, July 2.—Consols closed at 94⅝@95. Five-twenties 73⅝@73¾.

The decrease of specie in the Bank is £212,000.

FRANKFORT, July 2.—U. S. Bonds closed at 77⅝@77¾.

LIVERPOOL, July 2.—Cotton closed quiet but steady, sales 8000.

GENERAL NEWS.

—The "ravageur" is a new rifle that can be fired forty times a minute.

—An Indianian and his wife fell asleep in their wagon to which was attached a blind horse, and it is not surprising to hear that the whole party was picked up at the bottom of a precipice a hundred feet n hight.

—Blaine, the probable successor of Colfax for Speaker of the House, is an old journalist of Portland, Me.

—The New York anti-Gambling Society reports favorable progress. They have closed several of the vilest gambling dens in the city by prosecuting the landlords for letting the places for such a purpose, and their system of spies has frightened away the patrons.

—It has been found, while firing at the "running-man" target at Wimbledon, England, which is scarlet on one side and gray on the other, that the scarlet dazzles the eye, and is hence the most difficult to hit, from leaving a red streak behind it, which unsettles the aim. The gray was struck seventy-four times and the red only forty-two times. It is a curious fact, too, that those with gray eyes hit fairer than those with eyes of any other color.

—Gen. Longstreet, of the Confederate army, was Paymaster of the United States, and enlisted in the rebellion. But before doing this he squared all his accounts, and didn't owe Uncle Sam a dollar.

DIED.

WADSWORTH—On the 29th June, at the residence of P. N. Powell, esq., in this city, HELEN F., daughter of John C. and W. P. Wadsworth, of Marshall county, Miss., aged six years and nine days.

Little HELEN has gone. 'Tis sad this sweet little child will be with us no more; yet we should not grieve for her. The Lord has taken her to live and bloom in Heaven. Weep not then, dear friends, for little HELEN. Think of her dying words:

"I'm going to be an Angel,
And wish the Angels stand,"

And rejoice that she is with the blessed Jesus, who said: "Suffer little children and forbid them not to come unto me; for of such is the kingdom of Heaven."

"Too pure for earth it had become,
That sweet and lovely flower;
An Angel came and bore it home—
It blooms in Eden's bower."

Memphis, July 2, 1868. M. T. D.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

Arkansas Reports for Sale.

FOR SALE two complete sets of the Reports of the Supreme Court of Arkansas, from Vol. 1 to vol. 24 inclusive. One set almost entirely new. Apply to jy3 1t L. H. PIKE.

NOTICE.

THE officers elect of Divisions Nos. 45, 48, 57 and 60 Sons of Temperance, will be publicly installed, at the Tabernacle (Court street) TONIGHT, at 8½ o'clock. Every one is expected to be present on time.

By order of the Joint Committee. jy3 1t

ALBERT PIKE, CHARLES W. ADAMS, L. H. PIKE.

PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE,

Attorneys, Solicitors & Proctors

ATTEND to cases in the different Courts sitting at Memphis, and in the river counties of Arkansas.

☞ The Senior partner will hereafter especially attend to cases in the Supreme Court of Tennessee, and in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims of the United States at Washington, being of the firm of PIKE & JOHNSON, of that city.

Office in the MADAM VINCENT BLOCK, corner of Court and Second streets.

ALBERT PIKE. ROBERT W. JOHNSON.

PIKE & JOHNSON,

Attorneys, Counsellors & Solicitors

THIS firm, the junior member of which has had large experience in Departmental and other business during many years' service in Congress, will practice in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims at Washington, where the junior partner will reside. It will also attend to claims before Congress and the Departments.

The office of the firm will be opened in Washington, by the 1st of September next. Meanwhile, communications addressed to ALBERT PIKE, Box 84, P. O., Memphis, or to ROBERT W. JOHNSON, Pine Bluff, Arkansas, will receive prompt attention. jy3 1y

MENKEN BROTHERS'

12TH

SEMI-ANNUAL

REDUCTION SALE

—OF—

DRY GOODS!

CONSISTING OF

PRINTS, DOMESTICS,
SILKS, LINEN LAWNS.

ALSO, ENTIRE STOCK OF

DRESS GOODS

—AND—

LACE MANTLES

BARGAINS EXTRAORDINARY

ARE OFFERED TO

WHOLESALE & RETAIL BUYERS

jy1 1m

AUCTION.

AT AUCTION,

THIS MORNING, BY W. H. PASSMORE & Co., Household Furniture, Carpets, Matting, Shuck and Cotton Mattresses, Office Chairs and Tables, etc., etc.

W. H. PASSMORE & CO.,
jy3 1t Auctioneers.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to the undersigned by Robert W. Johnson on the 8th of October, 1866, and duly recorded in the Recorder's offices of the counties of Jefferson and Pulaski, State of Arkansas, and now referred to, to secure the indebtedness therein mentioned.

The partnership therein recited having totally failed, and the personal assets been consumed.

The said Robert W. Johnson having been declared a Bankrupt; and there being outstanding incumbrances largely over one hundred dollars prior to the Trust on the property hereinafter set forth; for particulars whereof reference may be had to the Deed of Trust of record as aforesaid, wherein the titles and all incumbrances are recited.

The taxes of 18 8 being unpaid, and no funds to pay them nor to pay other existing and current expenses, and for sundry other causes that require the prompt execution of the said Trust.

The undersigned do therefore give this notice, in the Memphis Appeal and Little Rock Gazette for thirty days, under and by virtue of the powers vested in them by the said Deed, that on the

Twelfth Day of August Next,

Between the hours of 9 a.m. and 6 p.m., at the Courthouse door, in the town of Pine Bluff, in the county of Jefferson, in the State of Arkansas, they will sell all the trust property conveyed to them by the said Deed, for cash in hand, to the highest bidder, by the classification hereinafter given, without other warranty than those contained in the said Deed, and the mortgaged lands being sold subject to all mortgage liens existing thereon, the purchaser taking the equity of redemption thereof only.

Possession of the lands so sold will be delivered immediately, except of the lands which have been rented for the present year, the use and possession of which are reserved until the first of January, 1869, and the rents recoverable by the Trustees.

Which property so to be sold is described as follows, that is to say:

FIRST.

The southeast quarter of section thirty-one, 160 acres.

The east part of the southwest fractional quarter of section thirty-one 10 acres.

The west part of the southwest fractional quarter of section thirty-two, 53 72-100 acres.

All in township five, south of range eight, west of the fifth principal meridian and which lands were mortgaged to Joon C. Rives on the 9th day of September, A. D. 1854, to secure the payment of the sum of forty thousand dollars, or thereabouts.

SECOND.

The west fractional half of fractional section three, 9 52-100 acres.

Fractional section four, 29 52-100 acres.

The east part of fractional section five, 10 58-100 a res.

The northwest quarter of the south west quarter of section eight, 40 acres.

All of the fractional east half of the southeast fractional quarter of section nine (9, 10 13-100 acres.

The west fractional half of section ten (10), 291 15-100 acres.

The southwest quarter of section fifteen (15), 160 acres.

The southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section seventeen, 40 acres.

And the east half of the northeast quarter of section eighteen, 80 acres.

All in town-ship numbered six, south of range numbered eight, west of the meridian aforesaid, and which lands have been mortgaged to William W. Corcoran and George W. Riggs, by the said Robert W. Johnson in part by his deed of March 14th, 1858, and in part by his deed of May 28th, 1866, to secure the payment of thirty thousand dollars, with interest from 11th day of March, 1859, at rate of five per cent. per annum.

THIRD.

The north half of section twenty-one, 320 acres.

The southwest fractional quarter of section sixteen (south of lake), 101 89-100 acres.

Both in township six, south of range eight, west of the meridian aforesaid—the said tracts being charged with a vendor's lien in favor of the representatives of Henry N. Adams, deceased, the vendor—reserved by his conveyance to the said Robert W. Johnson, for about seventeen thousand dollars of the purchase money yet remaining unpaid.

FOURTH.

The east half of the northeast quarter of section seven, 80 acres.

The southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section seven, 40 acres.

The east half of the northeast quarter of section eight, 80 acres.

The southeast fractional quarter of section eight, 149 75-100 acres.

The south half of the southwest quarter of section eight, 80 acres.

The northwest quarter of section eight, 160 acres.

The north half of section nine, 320 acres.

The west fractional half of the southeast fractional quarter of section nine, 60 80-100 acres.

The southwest fractional quarter of section nine, 115 75-100 acres.

The northwest part of the northeast fractional quarter (north of lake), of section sixteen, 42 48 100 acres.

The north part of the southwest fractional quarter (north of lake), of section sixteen, 6 6-100 acres.

The east half of the northwest quarter of section seventeen, 80 acres.

The fractional northeast quarter of section seventeen, 105 7-100 acres.

All in township six, south of range eight, west of the meridian aforesaid, and all which lands are mortgaged both to the said John C. Rives and to the said William W. Corcoran and George W. Riggs, for debt secured by the said demands and the interest thereon.

FIFTH.

The southwest part of the southwest fractional quarter of section fourteen, 6 85 100 acres.

The southeast fractional quarter of section fifteen, 115 35-100 acres.

The north-east part of the northwest fractional quarter of section twenty-three, 12 90-100 acres.

The northeast part of the northeast fractional quarter of section twenty-two, 3 50 100 acres.

The southwest quarter of section twenty-one, 160 acres.

The west half of the southeast quarter of section twenty-one, 80 acres.

The west half of the northeast quarter of section twenty-eight, 80 acres.

The east part of the northwest quarter of section twenty-eight, 80 acres.

The south west quarter of section twenty-eight, 160 acres.

One undivided seventh part, being the interest of Patrick H. Lee, of the northwest quarter of section twenty-two, 22 85-100 acres, purchased of the said Patrick H. Lee by the said Robert W. Johnson.

All in township six, south of range eight, west of the meridian aforesaid, and of which lands the said Robert W. Johnson is the proprietor in fee simple by title unincumbered, and the same and all the other lands herein before mentioned lie, and are situate in the said county of Jefferson, in the State of Arkansas.

Also one tract of about three acres of land lying and situate in the city of Little Rock, in the county of Arkansas, as joining and on the east of the property and homes and of Albert Pike, and bounded on the west by the Quapaw line, being the same that was conveyed to the said Robert W. Johnson by his father, Benjamin Johnson, of the third day of August, 1859, by whose conveyance he now holds record title in the county of Pulaski, in the said State of Arkansas, reference is to be had for more minute description of the same.

Also one other parcel of land in the said city of Little Rock, containing three-fourths of an acre, more or less, adjoining the said tract of three acres, on the south thereof, being the same which was conveyed to the said Robert W. Johnson by Noah H. Badgett and his wife, on the twenty-second day of August, 1859, and in their deed described as "beginning at a post eleven poles east from the northwest corner of Mrs. Martha Brookins' lot, where one now resides, thence north eleven poles, thence west eleven poles to the place of beginning," to which conveyance thereof and the conveyances herein referred to, all the same being of record in the said county of Pulaski, reference is to be had for more full description of the same.

The main body of the lands in Jefferson county composes two plantations, about six miles from Pine Bluff and four from the Arkansas river, known as the Woodburne and Chalmette plantations, the former containing about 1461 acres, of which about 750 acres are cleared and fit for cultivation; and the latter about 2357 acres, of which over 1300 are cleared and ready for cultivation. These lands are five feet above ANY overflow, well drained, and in the fin st cotton region of the world. ALBERT PIKE.

CHARLES W. ADAMS,
Trustees.

Arkansas Gazette copy until day of sale.
July 1, 1868. jy3 tau5

BUCK EYE SALVE,

GREAT REMEDY FOR PILES.

Sold by A. RENKERT,
jy1 120 Main street.

New Firm.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name and style of

PETTIT & SIMPSON,

who will succeed J. T. Pettit & Co., in the Cotton Factorage and Commission Business, at their old stand, No. 15 Union street, Memphis. Our former friends and patrons are respectfully solicited to give us a call. We promise them to strictly obey instructions, and no effort on our part will be spared to give them satisfaction. J. T. PETTIT

WM. SIMPSON,
Late Simpson, Sanders & Co.
Memphis, July 1, 1868. jy1 dawlw

BUCK EYE SALVE,

SURE CURE for PILES.

Sold by J. W. FALL & CO.,
jy1 No. 351 Main street.

HALF FARE.

ON AND AFTER JULY 1ST UNTIL FURther notice visitors to the various Watering Places on the line of the MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD will be carried at HALF FARE. Iuka Springs, Bailey's Springs, Valhermosa Springs and Lookout Mountain, are all open for the reception of visitors.

W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.
Memphis, Tenn., June 29, 1868. jy30 2w

CAROLINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Capital Stock, : : : : : : : : : $200,000 00
Increase for first Ten Months, : : 161,883 46

M. J. WICKS, President, J. T. PETTIT, Vice-President.
W. F. BO

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Up-stairs, No. 19 Jefferson street. two Rooms suitable for offices or sleeping rooms. Apply at Appeal office. mh1

PRICE REDUCED.

FOR RENT.—The neat and shaded Cottage Home, "Belle Grange," known as the "Ayres Place," near the street Cars, on Hernando road, two miles from Court Square. Elegant garden, pasture, orchard, cistern, with all the comforts of a home near the city. Can be rented for 18 months or for the summer.
W. A. WHEATLEY, Collector,
Office, No. 5 Bethel Block.
je10

FOR RENT.—Two handsome Rooms in the third story of the building, No. 12 Adams street, suitable for offices or sleeping apartments. Also, the spacious basement of the same building. Apply at the store on the premises.
ma31 tf

FOR RENT.—A FINE COTTAGE RESIdence with seven acres of garden Land, on the Randolph road, two miles from Court Square, and just outside the corporate limits, will be rented low to a good prompt paying tenant. Present crop, etc., for sale idw. Apply to T. GRAVES, Memphis Cotton Press, 184 Madison street.
mar1

FOR RENT.—THE STORE AND BUILDING on Jefferson street, corner of the alley, between Second and Third streets, south side, is for rent. The building is well situated as a first-class boarding house, and contains fourteen rooms, kitchen, and all in good order. Also, two STORES on north side. Inquire at
PETER SAVIS, 60½ Jefferson street.
Ledger copy.

FOR SALE.

SUBURBAN LANDS AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.—My lands, 3 miles east of the city, are for sale, on terms to suit purchasers, for cash or on any time—from one to ten years, and in any quantity—from 3 acres to 30. My residence, with from 14 to 28 acres land, will be sold at a great bargain, for cash, or on the usual terms. Apply to myself, on the premises, or to Royster, Trezevant & Co., my agents, in the city.
je17 N. M. TREZEVANT.

FOR SALE.—That choice piece of property on the northeast corner of Vance and Orleans streets. Good Residence and Forest Shade Trees. Apply to
je13 tf ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

FOR SALE.—Having determined to change our business, we offer for sale our small but well selected STOCK OF GROCERIES, and a lease on one of the BEST BUSINESS HOUSES in the city. We will sell also a splendid suburban RESIDENCE, 2¾ miles from the city, near Gill's Station, with 9½ acres of ground, with all the necessary improvements. Apply to WEBB, MITCHELL & CO., No. 13 Union street,
Lee Block. je7 tf

WANTS.

W. H. MOORE, AGENT,
4 1-2 Madison Street.
je21 3m

WANTS—50,000 bushels WHEAT, for which cash will be paid by
ANDERSON & WATSON.
50,000 pounds WOOL wanted by
ANDERSON & WATSON.
FOR SALE—10,000 SEAMLESS WHEAT BAGS by
ANDERSON & WATSON.

WANTED.—A DWELLING HOUSE CONTAINING 4 to 6 rooms by a family of three persons, all grown. Must be centrally located. Address Richard, Appeal office.
mch1

WANTED.—A situation as Book-keeper, Assistant Book-keeper or Clerk, by a young man who has had ten years experience. Best city references given, if desired. Address W. Appeal office.
je20 tf

LABORERS WANTED—ON THE ST. LOUIS and Iron Mountain Railroad, to work on grading and track-laying, near Whitewater Bridge, fifteen miles west of Cape Girardeau. Wages, $2 00 per day. For information apply to FILBURN & IVERS, Cape Girardeau
je18 1m M. AYLOT.

WANTED.—A GOOD COOK, WASHER AND Ironer—a white woman, with references. Apply at 348 Linden street.
je4

WANTED.—A SMALL FARM NEAR THE city of Memphis, of which possession can be given immediately. Address A. B., Appeal office, stating terms, location, etc.
ma30 tf

Liberal Conditions. Equitable Rates. Prompt Settlements.

THE GEORGIA
HOME INSURANCE COMPANY
Of Columbus, Ga. Incorporated 1859.

Paid in Capital	$350 000 00
Assets January 1, 1868	416,280 87

$20,000 IN BONDS DEPOSITED WITH the Comptroller of Tennessee.
Blank forms furnished, and all inquiries promptly answered, on application in person or by letter.
JAS. F. BOZEMAN, Pres't. D. F. WILCOX, Sec'y.

W. H. MOORE, Agent,
4 1-2 Madison street,
je21 3m Memphis, Tenn.

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—One or two gentlemen with wives can obtain board on moderate rates. The best and most quiet neighborhood in the city. None but those who can give unexceptionable references need apply, to C. M. care Appeal office.
je10 tf

COAL.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF FRESH
Pittsburg Coal,
—FOR THE—
HAYS COAL COMPANY
(Successors to BRIGGS & PETERSON,)

WHOLESALE and Retail Dealers in best Pittsburg Coal, from the Hays Mines, first pool, Monongahela River.
Office—22½ Madison street. mh25 tf

BUCK EYE SALVE,
THE GREAT REMEDY for PILES.
Sold by ROSE & VIGUS,
jy1 97 Main street.

TO PLANTERS.—The highest market price will be paid for WHEAT by
ATTWOOD & ANDERSON,
2 Promenade street,
je21 Foot of Jefferson street.

H. L. GUION
—WITH—
ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS AND AUCTIONEERS, 275 Second street. Attends exclusively to Renting and Leasing Houses and Lots, Collecting of Rents, Paying Taxes, Effecting Insurance, etc., etc. Has now for rent several very desirable Residences, from a cottage to almost a palace. Also, several Business Houses, Offices, Rooms, etc.
je21 1m

THE NATIONAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Books Open for Subscription.
CALL ON
S. B. WRIGHT, GENERAL AGENT,
Room 5, over Commercial Bank.
ma26 tf

The Following Books, Viz:
2 VOLS. Shakspeare (Illustrated), 2 vols Lives of the Saints, 1 vol Plutarch's Lives, 2 vols. Novels, 15 vols National Portrait Gallery, 4 vols. Godey's Magazine, 1 vol. Dr Bassr (German), 2 vols. quarto Imperial Bibles, Morocco and gilt edge; 1 vol. Testament; 1 vol. Internal Revenue Laws; 2 vols. Code of Tennessee, 1 vol. Criminal Pleadings, 1 vol. Medical Journal, 1 vol. Walter Scott's Poems, 2 vols. Church Facts, 7 vols. Church Review, 1 vol. Mission Book, 1 vol. American Encyclopedia, 1 vol. Journal of the General Convention (Episcopa), will be sold to pay charges, unless called for within thirty days.
C. F. CHAMBERLIN & CO.
Memphis, June 27, 1868. je27 1w

Notice.

I HAVE two beautiful and well-improved Plantations in Lee county, Ga., within three miles of the city of Albany, bounded by one of the best railroads in the State, and a fine Lot and commodious Dwelling in the city, which I will gladly sell or exchange for other property, near to me.
A. WRIGHT
ap12

WHEAT! WHEAT! WHEAT!

WE WILL BUY OR MAKE LIBERAL advances on Wheat shipped to TAYLOR BROS. & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

SACKS FURNISHED.

R. S. TAYLOR & CO.,
je18 1m 275 Front Street.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.
Office---No. 13 Jefferson Street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART
New Orleans Express, daily	3:40 p.m.	4:15 p.m
Sardis accom'n, daily, except Sunday	8:30 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Freight, (North Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; South, Monday, Wednesday and Friday)	3:35 p.m.	6 20 a.m.

Takes effect Sunday, June 24, 1868.
A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY Gen. Ticket Ag't. je28

Memphis and Little Rock Railroad.

Trains on this division of the road now run on Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays, as follows:
Leave Hopefield at 7:30 a.m.
Returning, leave Edmondson's at 5:00 p.m.
Ferryboat Nevada will leave foot of Union street and connect with train.
Excursion tickets, good for three days, sold at reduced rates.
JAS. W. ROBERTSON,
je20 General Superintendent.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail (daily)	6:30 p.m.	12:30 p.m
Through Express	10:40 p.m.	11:30 p.m

(This train does not leave Saturdays.)
Corinth Accommodation, daily, (except Sundays) at ..... 6:00 a.m
Somerville Accommodation daily (except Sunday) ..... 8:25 a.m. 5:16 p.m
Railroad Time is 20 minutes faster than city time.
Ticket office, 273 Main street and at Depot.
W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express	7:00 a.m.	2:15 p.m
Night Express	4:00 p.m.	9:15 a.m

Railroad Time 15 minutes faster than city.
Ticket offices No. 227½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.
SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

CITY MATTERS.

NOTICE.

City subscribers to the APPEAL, daily or weekly, who may desire to leave the city for the summer, can have their papers sent them regularly by leaving a memorandum at the Counting-room of the APPEAL, No. 13 Jefferson street.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Correspondents who wish to have any attention paid to their communications must observe the following rules:

Be brief, concise and to the point, avoid the "flowers of rhetoric," and confine yourself to a plain statement of facts. Write on but one side of the paper in a clear hand, and with pen and ink, giving your words and sentences plenty of room. In all cases the real name and address of the writer must accompany the manuscript. Articles which redound to personal or individual benefit, or are of a personal nature, will only be inserted as "advertisements" or "paid cards."

CALENDAR.—July—7th Month.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

MOON.	DAY.	TIME AT MEMPHIS.
Full	4th.	2 h. 39 minutes.
Third Quarter	12th.	6 h. 40 minutes.
New	19th.	9 h. 56 minutes.
First Quarter	26th.	7 h. 51 minutes.

THIRD DAY—*Friday.*—Sun rises 5:01; sets 7:53.

Saints.—St. Phocas, martyr, 303; St. Bertran, Bishop of Mans, 623.

Born.—Louis XI of France, 1423, Bourges; Henry Grattan, Irish Parliamentary orator, 1750, Dublin.

Died.—Mary de Medecis, consort of Louis XII of France, 1642, Cologne; Ferdinand, Duke of Brunswick, 1792, Brunswick.

WE have received the communication of "Sidney Hampden," and will present it to-morrow.

THE GAYOSO GAS stock was sold yesterday under the hammer for $700—being knocked down to Maj. McCusick.

FELIX CROSS, ESQ., of the Southern Express, has again laid us under obligations for the latest Northern and Eastern papers.

EMMONS & SON received last night the New York Ledger, Chimney Corner, Pilot, Emerald, DeBow's Review, Kelley's Weekly, New York, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis and Louisville dailies. Call at either No. 10 Jefferson street, or 393 Main street, for books, stationery, periodicals or newspapers, and all other articles in their line.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.—The officers elect of Divisions 45, 48, 57 and 60 Sons of Temperance will be installed to-night at the Tabernacle, on Court street, at 8½ o'clock. Rev. Dr. Ford will deliver the address. The public are invited to attend. Members of the order will find a notice elsewhere.

TO CLERGYMEN.—We would again respectfully request the clergy of our different city churches to furnish us with a statement of their regular hours of service, morning and evening, and the locality and denomination of their places of worship. We wish the information in order to prepare a church directory, to be kept standing in our Sunday's issue.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.—All citizens of Shelby county, favorable to the Democratic party, are invited to meet in convention at the Exchange Building at 2 o'clock on Saturday evening, for the purpose of effecting a more thorough organization. By order of the Committee.
M. D. L. STEWART, Chairman.

RARE CHANCE FOR FISHERMEN.—For the accommodation of fishermen, the steamer Nevada will leave foot of Union street, on the 4th of July, for Hopefield and Mound City, at 4:30 a.m., and again at 7:30 a.m., connecting with special trains of the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad, which leaves at 5 and 8 a.m., for Ten and Fifteen Mile Bayous. Afterwards she will make regular trips every three hours during the day.

CHARLEY WHITE takes his farewell benefit at the Varieties this evening, on which occasion an entirely new and most attractive bill will be presented. The principal feature of the evening's entertainment will be a dancing contest between M'lle Henriette and Miss Gardner—in which they will dance a jig for a silver goblet, the victor to be decided by a committee chosen by the audience.

THE BENEFIT TO-NIGHT.—We would remind our readers that to-night has been set apart by our talented corps of local amateurs, for the benefit of Miss Eva Halstead, a young lady who has ever been ready to assist in benefits for all charitable purposes. The play chosen for representation is a dramatisation of Fennimore Cooper's classic American novel, the *Wept of the Wish ton-Wish*, Miss Halstead playing "Marramattah." We hope to see the Club Hall crowded this evening, with Miss Halstead's friends and admirers—the more so, as she is the orphaned daughter of a Mason and the Fraternity should lend her a helping hand.

AN ITEM.—No person can lay claim to the consideration of a gentleman unless he presents himself in the garb of one. There is no excuse for shabbiness in dress. Poverty itself does not justify a want of proper attention to ones outward appearance. We were led into this little preface by visiting the new clothing store of Mr. J. Berlin, No. 174 Main street, where every style of raiment can be found from the costly wedding suit to the serviceable one for this hot season. The prices are very low, running from $3 an entire suit up. Mr. Berlin has removed his stock from his old stand No. 207 Main street, and is determined to make 174 the clothing house of Memphis. Call on him, ye naked, and be clothed.

THE LATE RADICAL MURDER AT MILAN.

How Willie Brown Was Killed—Result of the Judicial Investigation.

A Cold-Blooded and Deliberately Planned Murder.

The following communication is from a gentleman who was in Milan at the preliminary examination of Sam, Meredith and Tom Wheeler, on the charge of murdering Mr. Willie Brown, son of our esteemed fellow-citizen, Jesse F. Brown, Esq. It will be seen it fully corroborates, in almost every particular, the statement of the affair first published in the APPEAL, and gives the unequivocal lie to the miserable, black-hearted scoundrels, who, not content with murdering the body of a defenseless and harmless youth, have, by lying letters, befouled his memory, and attempted to murder his reputation:

MEMPHIS, TENN., July 1, 1868.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

As two or more communications about the killing of young Mr. Brown at Milan have been published in a city paper of Memphis, it is due the public and cause of truth, and especially the friends of the young man and his memory, that the facts in the case should be made known.

The affair was fully investigated at Milan on Friday last, the 26th ult., and the writer of this was present. The following are the facts and circumstances as elicited on that occasion:

There was a meeting of a number of men calling themselves "the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the town of Milan." I heard it said, outside, that these eight men had been elected without opposition by *one vote* outside of their own votes for each other, (this was not in proof.) This state of things caused the boys of the town to give them what they called a "serenade." So, very indiscreetly, but like boys, they gathered a considerable company, and with bells, tin pans, and other noise-making instruments, they made a great deal of discordant music. After the adjournment of this body of men, the boys visited the premises of "Mayor" Shepherd, who, together with his wife, came out and invited them to come in, telling them if they would do so they would get some good whisky. On their refusing, Mr. Shepherd proposed to wait on them at the gate, if they would drink. To this some of the boys replied that they (some of them) had too much aboard now, already. After a little while the crowd dispersed.

The Board *for some purpose* appointed a meeting for the next night; and Sam Wheeler, one of the members of it, for some reason, informed some of the members of the *serenade* that the meeting would be at Shepherd's store, and invited them to bring out their bells. They promised him another serenade. When night came, Sam Wheeler's two brothers, Meredith and Tom, came with double-barrel shot-guns. Maj. Shepherd testified that he *requested* them to bring their guns and act as police that night. After dark, a much smaller company of boys gathered and marched around with their discordant notes. When they came opposite Shepherd's store Sam Wheeler came out and ordered them to go away; some jeering words passed and the crowd dispersed. After all had become quiet Sam Wheeler came along the street and found young Brown and Mr. Vanhook nearly opposite Clark's store, where Brown was clerk, and passed them. He turned back and came close to them and stopped, staring closely full into the face of young Brown, who asked him if he (Brown) was the man he was looking for. Wheeler replied that he wanted nothing to do with him, and began to curse him, when M. Wheeler came up and leveled his gun and fired, but Brown caught and threw up the gun so that the charge passed over his head; and while in this struggle Tom Wheeler came up and shot him through the body, killing him instantly. Brown did not attempt to draw a pistol, or any other weapon, as was falsely proven. The communications in a Radical sheet, of your city, one signed "Republican" and the other "Citizen of Trenton," were written, I am informed, the one by a lawyer named Hall, who defended these murderers, and in his speech said "If they had killed the last one of those boys they would have been justifiable." What would such a man fail to say or write if he was paid for it? That same Hall was once a *rebel*, so-called, in the Thirty-first Tennessee, ran for Captain, was defeated, then for nearly every office down to fifth Corporal, failing every time; then got into another regiment and ran the same role with like defeat. This double test of his standing led him to come to a level by joining the Federals, and by putting himself on a level with the lowest down negro by joining the Radical party. The writer can furnish ample proof for all that he has written, and of a good many other facts in Hall's history.

Willie Brown was the son of our esteemed fellow-citizen Jesse F. Brown, Esq., and was in his twenty-first year when he was so foully and cruelly cut off by the hands of a Radical assassin. He was in the Confederate army the two last years of the war, and stood above reproach as a high-minded, upright and moral young man, and was known to be fearlessly brave. He had been living for more than a year in the family of Rev. Mr. Clark, a worthy Baptist preacher, and wealthy merchant in Milan, Gibson county, Tenn. Mr. Clark, who was a Union man during the war, now opposed to Radicalism, told me, as did also his excellent wife, that they had never seen a more upright and agreeable young man than Willie Brown; that they loved him almost as one of their own children. Besides, he was much esteemed in that whole community.
"BROWNSVILLE."

PICNICS TO-MORROW.

To head the list, there is the picnic for the Orphan Asylum of St. Peter's Church. We have taken occasion very frequently to speak of this proposed festival, and the truly christian and charitable object for which it is to be given, and now we again remind our readers of it. We hope to see them crowd the beautiful grounds of James' Park to-morrow, and each contribute to the extent of their ability to this noble charity.

Father Snyder, too, of St Mary's, calls on the picnic goers to rally out to the Ford Place, Chelsea, in numbers, each prepared to do something for St. Mary's Church. Our German friends will no doubt be out in force, and have a very pleasant time, as they always do when they set out for a day's amusement.

The Social Union, we are requested to state, will have an old-fashioned "Fourth of July barbecue" and picnic on the grounds of the Leath Orphan Asylum. There will be no politics discussed, and all who go there—and everybody is invited—will have a pleasant time.

WE invite attention to the cards of the law-firms of PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE, of Memphis, and PIKE & JOHNSON, of Washington City, of each of which the Editor-in-Chief of the APPEAL is senior partner. His reputation as a lawyer is known. Robert W. Johnson was for many years Senator in the Congress of the United States, and as Chairman of important committees in each House, became familiar with all the details of business in the Departments. He will reside at Washington, where the office of the firm will be opened on the first of September. Perhaps some of our confreres of the press will take a note of this, and make it known in the Provinces South of us.

NOTICE.—From and after this date no goods will be sold except for cash. This rule will be strictly adhered to.
PAGE & CO.
jy3 d

RAILROADS AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

The Chamber of Commerce made a good move in their meeting on Wednesday, when they appointed a committee to confer with our railroads on the subject of reducing freight on produce coming to our city. It is hoped that the committee will call the special attention of the several roads terminating here to the propriety of an *immediate* and *large* reduction in freight on the small products of the country, such as wheat, corn, peas, and all kinds of garden vegetables, as well as poultry, eggs, butter, etc. It cannot be expected that our farmers will raise these things in excess of their own wants, when our railroads keep in force a tariff of freights so high as to almost consume their market value to pay the transportation. We are informed that large quantities of the products named are held in the country, and permitted to *decay* because of the high rates of freight. Some farmers who reside near our city have hauled large quantities of potatoes in wagons, and sold them at fair prices, and purchasers have sent them to Chicago and other large Northern cities, and made *large* profits on them. Farmers at more remote points would do likewise, but for the tariff of freights on our railroads. It is truly astonishing that they continue such narrow sighted policy, and give so little encouragement to the raising of the products named. It is far different with railroads terminating in Northern cities. There they carry, when the production is in its infancy, as it now is with us, all such articles at the actual cost of doing the work, or *even less*. The effect is, it increases the production, and soon a train becomes necessary to carry the daily shipments, when a *single car* would have answered the purpose a few years before. The result is, lands are raised in value, because of remuneration for its products; the country becomes more densely populated, because new settlers find that they can purchase such things, at low prices, to sustain them until they can raise a crop; the many articles of country produce consumed in the city are made cheap; people are induced to settle in the city because of its pleasantness and cheapness of living; mechanics and artisans, as well as capitalists, settle amongst us; manufactories are built, and in a few years our population becomes prosperous and happy. Add to the trafic and passenger transportation over our railroads, and all become prosperous together. Then the railroad gets returns a hundred or a thousand fold for the small loss she has sustained for a few years by encouraging additional population and production in our country. I sincerely hope the roads, as well as our river packets, will take this matter under immediate consideration, and act on it at once, and not wait to be remonstrated with by a committee. The good sense of their officers cannot fail to see that they will be the largest beneficiaries, in whatever adds to the population and wealth of the country. Now is the time to make the reduction in freights on country produce, to *one-half or one-third* the present tariff, and show the people what can be done by raising crops other than cotton, and next year, or a year thereafter, the railroads will be glad to take a train of freight, at the rates which now entail a loss, when carrying only one or two cars. What say you, Messrs. Railroad Managers?
N.

POLICE ITEMS.

—We extract from the monthly report of the Metropolitan Police the following statistics: In the First District, Capt. Simons, there were 375 arrests during the month, of which 81 were Americans, 146 negroes, 2 French, 17 Germans, 117 Irish and 22 Italians. The number of State cases, 61; number tried and fined, 215; number tried and discharged, 99. Amount of fines assessed, $535 25; amount on mittimuses issued, $1433; amount of fines collected, $951 25; amount of mittimuses collected, $293 80; amount of lost or stolen property recovered, $584 55. In the Second District, Capt. McMath, there were 176 arrests, of which 26 were Americans, 100 negroes, 3 English, 1 French, 11 German, 3 Irish, 4 Italians. Number of State cases, 44; number tried and fined 96; number tried and discharged, 36; amount of fines assessed, $1120 25; amount on mittimuses issued, $480 50; amount of fines collected, $639 75; amount collected on mittimuses, $123 50; total amount collected, $763 26; amount of lost or stolen property recovered, $387 50. The total amount of property recovered by detectives is $4040 60, which, added to that recovered by police, makes a total of $5012 65. There were but eight fires during the month—five in the First District and three in the Second.

—Some two or three months ago Policeman Wylie Johnson was guilty of gross and indecent language toward a respectable lady of the city. She laid complaint before Col. Beaumont and he suspended him. While he was under suspense, the lady went before a magistrate and swore out a warrant against him, and on examination he was placed under $1000 bonds by a Justice to answer to one of the courts. Col. Beaumont went on his bond, and Johnson was released, and placed on duty again by him. One of the first acts was to go back and abuse the lady shamefully a second time, which, as soon as Col. Beaumont learned it, caused his discharge from the force. The Colonel had reason to suspect, a day or two ago, that he was about to "jump the town," and leave him, his bondsman, in the lurch; so he ordered a close watch to be kept on him by the detectives, and yesterday morning just as the gentleman had made all arrangements to do that little job, he was nabbed and landed in the Second District stationhouse. He is now in durance, and there were two charges preferred against him yesterday by the detectives, for obtaining money and goods under false pretenses.

—Before 'Squire Griffith yesterday Charlotte Harrington, colored, plead guilty to stealing a pistol from Mr. Davidson, and was sent up in default of $1000 bond, to the Criminal Court.

—Sallie Myers swore out a peace warrant against Annie Small, before 'Squire Black. The case will be settled to-day.

—Matthew Dolsen was arrested and carried before 'squire Black yesterday on a warrant issued at the complaint of Thomas Clarke, who charges him with malicious trespass and assault. The case will have a hearing this morning at 9 o'clock.

—Wm. Pleasants, a negro, is charged with attempting to murder his wife, near Horn Lake, a few days ago. He is still at large.

—The premises of J. C. Holst, No. 270 Beal street, were entered night before last, and a large lot of chickens, wearing apparel, bed clothing and household goods taken therefrom.

—There were twelve arrests up to midnight at the Adams street station—mostly for minor offenses. John Thompson was jugged, charged with burglary, and Mary Anne Callahan for being drunk and making night hideous with the most hideous and demoniac yells.

"MERCHANTS."—Ice cold Ale and Porter, on draught, 10 cents; Ice cold "Half and Half," 10 cents; straight and mixed drinks, 15 cents. Try it, at the "Merchants'," northeast corner Main and Madison streets.

THE COURTS.

LAW COURT—*James O. Pierce, Judge.* This court was engaged yesterday in hearing answers of garnishees. To-day the new cases on the trial docket will be called, and judgments by default may be taken when either party fails to appear to prosecute or defend. Saturday being a holiday, the Court will not be in session. The regular calendar heretofore published will be taken up on Monday next, and it is the design of the Court to dispose of all causes on that calendar, to include No. 760 during the next week. Saturday, July 11th, will be the first motion day. During the present term the regular hours of session will be from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. Jurors and witnesses are requested to notice this, and govern themselves accordingly. All jurors summoned to the present term are excused until Monday morning, at nine o'clock, at which time they are required to attend.

CHANCERY COURT—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor*—Stands adjourned until Tuesday next. The Clerk and Master will take an account to-day in the case of Podesta vs Arlt.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge.*—Yesterday, in the case of the State vs. F. W. Venn, the Jury returned a verdict of "not guilty." In the case of the State vs Abs and Jennie White, appeal from Magistrate's Court, the judgment in the Court below was affirmed. No. 1594, the State vs. Mary Foley, appeal from Magistrate's Court, judgment below affirmed. Case No. 1897, the State vs. Mrs. W. Degan, appeal from Magistrate's Court, judgment in Court below affirmed. In cases No. 1745 and 1746, the State vs. George Miller, the defendant submitted and was fined $2 50 in each case. Case 1787, the State vs. F. W. Venn, decision held under advisement until Monday next. Court stands adjourned until Monday next.

SHELBY CIRCUIT COURT—*George W. Reeves, Judge.*—Several cases set for trial on yesterday were disposed of by jury trial. The petit juries were discharged by the Court for the term. To-day will be motion day in this Court. Court meets to-day at the usual hour.

CRIMINAL COURT—*Wm. Hunter Judge.*—The jury in the case of the State vs. Richard Smith, indictment for murder, returned a verdict of not guilty. The jury in the case of the State vs. George Anderson, alias George Summers, indictment for larceny, returned a verdict of guilty, and fixed the period of imprisonment at ten years in the penitentiary.

Court meets to-day at the usual hour

DISCHARGES IN BANKRUPTCY.—June 30th—Simon Pump, R. M. Roberts, W. M. Hutchinson, C. H. Brown, W. H. Flinn, Thos. Phibbs. July 1st—Geo. E. Yeatman. July 2d—John C. Weaver.

THE CANICULAR, OR DOG DAYS, are said, according to the new style, to begin to-day, the 3d of July, and end on the 11th of August. The great heat of this month and the next, led to a curious superstition among the ancients; they conceived that this pre-eminent heat, and the diseases and other calamities flowing from it, were somehow connected with the rising and setting of the star Canicula—the Little Dog—in coincidence with the sun; they accordingly conferred the name of the "Dog Days" on the period between the 3d of July and the 11th of August. The utter lessness of this superstition, however, has been shown by the ordinary process of nature, for Canicula does not now rise in coincidence with the sun till the latter end of August, and the days between the 3d of July and 11th of August are what they ever have been. Though this is generally known, the "Dog Days" continues to be a popular phrase, and probably will long continue so. It is undoubtedly under some lingering regard for this old notion, as much as from a consideration of the effect of extreme heat upon canine flesh and blood, that magistrates of country towns so often order dogs to be muzzled about the beginning of July.

MODEL PEARS.—Mr. Geo. C. Holmes, son of the model farmer, high-toned gentleman and lamented citizen, Geo. L. Holmes, yesterday presented us with a basket of the best flavored and most delicious pears we have ever seen in any climate. They are of the dwarf variety, and may be named the "Early Harvest," being about six weeks earlier than any other pear and resembling very much in size and flavor the "Bartlett." We learn that one tree yields about a bushel and a third, and that one acre at the price they bear in the market, will yield over one thousand dollars. We would suggest to our farmers that there is no more profitable cultivation than this, and that it is well worthy their consideration and attention to investigate such a source of revenue.

PERSONAL.—Col. Jacob Friedman, of the firm of Friedman Brothers, wholesale boot and shoe dealers, left yesterday for the North. On his return look out for cheap brogans.

We had the pleasure of meeting our friend, W. A. Steffey, Esq., of Iuka Springs Hotel, who is in the city on business. He informs us that he has in prospect another of those delightful hops like that which we had the pleasure of attending some days since.

MEMPHIS, TENN., July 2, 1868.

W. B. Wiggs, Esq.

Dear Sir: I have tried your Buckeye Salve, and also recommended it to my friends on several occasions, and from personal experience, coupled with observation, as to its efficiency, I can safely say that it is the best article of the kind I have ever met in use.

Respectfully, J. B. WOODWARD.
Atty at Law, S. E. cor. Monroe and Second streets.

THE SONS OF TEMPERANCE are constantly increasing in number, and we know of no other reason than that the old "topers" have been using the "Great General Restorative," which creates a dislike for the use of liquors, and caused them to "jine." For sale by
je21tf FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.

THE allotted time of Dr. James' stay in Memphis having expired, he will in future be addressed at his home office, 91 and 93 Randolph street, Chicago, and postoffice address, box 5863 Chicago, Ill. See advertisement in another column, for particulars.

LOST.—On Friday, June 5th, a small nugget of native gold ore. It was in the shape of a leaf, and had been worn as a bosom pin. Having become detached from the pin, it was lost sometime during Friday. A reward will be paid for it if left at this office.

DON'T forget that our sale at cost for Boots and Shoes and Hats still continues at our old stand, 279 Main street.
J. T. HANDLAN & CO.

Messrs. W. B. Wiggs & Co., Memphis:

Gentlemen: You will please send us one-quarter gross of your Buckeye Salve. The last lot we purchased of you has all been disposed of. It gives satisfaction to our customers and sells well with us.
Very truly, TAYLOR & CO.,
Druggists, 176 Poplar street.

Business, Visiting and Wedding Cards Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

LOUISVILLE, July 2.—The river is falling, with 4 feet 6 inches in the canal.

The weather is clear and very warm. Thermometer stood at 96 in the shade at 4 p.m.

CAIRO, July 2.—The river fell 4 inches to-day.

Up—Collier, 3 p.m.; Belle Lee, 6 a.m.; Mohawk, 2 p.m.

Down—Belle St. Louis, 2 p.m.

The Belle Lee lays up here.

ST. LOUIS, July 2.—The river is rising slowly at this point.

Arrived—City of Memphis.

Departed—Luminary for Vicksburg.

The Upper Mississippi is getting low. The lower rapids are getting troublesome.

EVANSVILLE, July 2.—The river has fallen 4 inches.

The John Kilgour passed down for New Orleans.

MEMPHIS, July 3.—We had a slight sprinkle of rain yesterday but the body of the storm went to the North and East of us. The river is falling steadily. It receded 4 inches in the 24 hours ending at dark last night. The Arkansas is no doubt cutting out, as we learn by a dispatch that there was 30 inches to Little Rock yesterday. White river is in good boating shape, with fully 6 feet to Augusta.

Arrivals.

Steamer Louisiana, New Orleans.
" Celeste, Arkansas River.

Departures.

Steamer Louisiana, Louisville.
" Marble City, St. Louis.
" Gleaner, Arkansas River.

In Port.

Celeste.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Liberty, Capt. Rice, will be in port this morning and leave again on Saturday for White River making all way landings and connecting at Devall's Bluff with the Little Rock train. Harry and Sharpe are clerks.

The Belle St. Louis, Capt. Zeigler, with Ad Storm in the office, leaves for Cairo and St. Louis on Saturday evening.

The Luminary, Capt. Luker, passes down to-morrow for Vicksburg and the bends. She has been elegantly repaired and refurnished.

Much of the wheat which arrives here is reshipped to St. Louis via the Memphis and St. Louis packets, and owing to the vexatious delays on the Illinois Central railroad, all the potatoes, apples, onions, etc., shipped to Chicago and other points West are being diverted to the more expeditious route via St. Louis. Freights over this route reach their destination several days in advance of other routes. Every St. Louis packet leaving this port has a large lot of barreled freight for points above.

Capt. Larry Harmstad was out yesterday evening looking as well as ever. His attack of illness was caused by prostration from the excessive heat. In future he will bring an umbrella into requisition while climbing and descending the hill.

We learn that Capt. John Adams has sent a barge down from Little Rock to meet the Ozark.

The W. A. Caldwell, Capt. Haynes, is the next U. S. mail packet for Little Rock. She leaves on Monday.

The Celeste, Capt. Pritchard, with Mr. Lane in the office, leaves to-day at 5 p.m. for Cincinnati.

The Julia, Capt. Lockhart, passes up at noon to-day for St. Louis. Mr. Isaacs is her chief clerk.

The G. A. Thompson was sold by the Sheriff at Cincinnati, on Tuesday, to Capt. Ben F. Davidson for the sum of $6400.

The Celeste did not get up to Little Rock. She could not get over Fouch bar, six miles below that city, where she found only twenty-four inches. It has cut out to thirty inches, however, in the past day or two.

The Empire has laid up at Cincinnati.

The Frank Bargoud and Pauline Carroll for St. Louis, and the Westmoreland for Cincinnati, left New Orleans on Tuesday last. The R. E. Lee left that port for Louisville last evening.

An election for wharfmaster comes off in St. Louis on the 8th. The scalawag who formerly held that position is in jail.

The Ad Storm has got out of her difficulty in the upper Arkansas and will be here on Saturday.

The Louisiana passed up yesterday instead of the night before. She had 170 head of cattle, besides other freight, and put off 140 barrels coal-tar at this point.

We "prospected" the Norman yesterday, thinking she was regular in her habits as our own packets. She is not by a long odds. By a dispatch to her agents, however, we learn that she was to be here at midnight last night.

At Louisville on Tuesday, Capt. D. G. Parr sold his one-half of the steamer Palestine to Sherley, Woolfolk & Co., and W. C. Hite, the owners of the other half, for $5000. The last named gentlemen sold the entire boat to the Louisville and Henderson Packet Company for $10,000.

At St. Louis the examination of Captain Donaldson, of the steamer Great Republic, charged with shooting Henry Anderson, a negro hand on that boat, was conducted before Judge Dennison of the Police Court. The defendant's counsel desired to waive examination, but the Judge overruled it. Only two witnesses were examined—Samuel Ray, steward of the boat, and Lawrence Glover, cabin boy, who was handcuffed and confined in the same room with Anderson. The latter testified directly to the fact that Donaldson shot Anderson, putting a pistol to his ear and firing. Ray testified that a pistol was fired while he was in the room, but did not see it, as he was drawing whisky from a barrel and his back was turned. The Coroner made the following statement concerning the wound which caused death: I held an inquest on the body of a man killed on board the Great Republic; I found the body lying on the left side, on the floor of the baggage-room; his hands were fastened on his back with a pair of handcuffs; I had a post mortem examination, and found a hole upon his left temple, a little above the ear, large enough to admit my index finger; the hair around the hole was singed, and the edges of the wound were black with powder; the bullet passed through the brain to the other temple; I found the bullet near the temporal bone on the right side; it fractured the bone but did not perforate the skin; death must have been almost instantaneous; Anderson was a well built man of medium size, aged about twenty-five years.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dutcher's Lightning Fly-Killer.—Cheap and destructive. Every sheet will kill a quart. Don't be pestered with flies. Give them the SHEET LIGHTNING and rest in peace. Ask for DUTCHER'S, and take no other.
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MASONIC DIRECTORY.

MASONIC DIRECTORY 1868.

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ANGERONA, No. 158. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. D. B. Forster, 234 Front street, W. M.; John Beamish, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 13. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second A. J. Wheeler, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LEILA SCOTT, No. 289. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, corner Madison and Second Moses Seelig, W. M.; C. Curtis, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 299. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. H. J. Lynn, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 341. Meets 4th Friday of each month—at South Memphis Hall, corner of Madison and Second. George Meilersh, 32d.·. W. M.; B. K. Pullen, 32d.·. Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

R. AND S. M.

EUREKA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

TEMPLARS.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

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HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 1. Stated Communications 2d Wednesday night of each month. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, G.·. M.·.; Charles M. Carroll, 14th, Sec.·.

MITHRAS Lodge of Perfection, 14th.; No. 2. Meets 4th Wednesday of each month. George Mellersh, 32d, G.·. M.·.; A. E. Frankland, 32d, Sec.·.

OASIPHIA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th.; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d., Tarsh.·.; —— Sec.·.

CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.·. W.·.; H. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.·.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSEIS Council of K—h, 30th., No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d., Comm.·.; William Y. Cirode, 32d, Rec.·.

DOMINION of WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ainslie, 33d., Comm.·. in Chief; Dodge C. Trader, 32d, Reg.·.

I. O. O. F.

GAYOSO ENCAMPMENT, No. 3, I. O. O. F. Meets on the 1st and 3d Thursday nights of each month. Geo. Mellersh, C. P.; Thomas Bacon, Scribe. je4

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WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,

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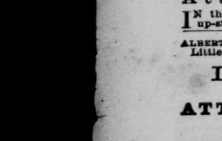

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FORMERLY OF JAMES' LOCK HOSPITAL, Custom House street, New Orleans, (established 1850), for the last seven years located in Chicago, and celebrated throughout the country in the successful treatment of PRIVATE DISEASES, can be confidentially consulted at his office and parlors, 91 and 93 Randolph street, corner of Dearborn street, or by letter Postoffice Drawer 5882.

Dr. JAMES treats CHRONIC MERCURIAL SYPHILITIC BLOOD and SKIN DISEASES, and all DISORDERS of a CONTAGIOUS CHARACTER—which he cures without the use of mercury, iodide potassii, arsenic or any poison, but with his NEUTRALIZER, a positive cure for all humors and blood poisons.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS, such as SEMINAL WEAKNESS, NOCTURNAL and DIURNAL EMISSIONS, no matter in what degree of organs, early indiscretions, excesses, or entailed hereditarily, causing loss of memory, confusion, depression, dimness of vision and often times insanity, with a deplorable train or other symptoms, treated and radically cured by an infallible method, saving time and expense. All diseases peculiar to the sexual organs, of a private character, radically and permanently cured.

Old diseases of the most horrible class, where the blood has become poisoned, producing blotches on the face, small watery blisters, pains in the head and bones, ulcerated throat and nose, sores on the limbs, scrofula, etc., together with an endless number of sufferings—effectually and permanently cured.

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Internal Revenue Taxes.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE 8TH DIST. TENN.
MEMPHIS, June 8, 1868.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual List of Taxes on Income Business or Professions, Carriages, Watches, etc., etc., for this District has been returned to me by the Assessor, and all persons are notified that said Taxes are now due and payable.

Payments in this city and county must be made before the 1st day of July, at my office, or additional costs and penalties will accrue.

ROLFE P. SAUNDERS, Collector,
je9

NEW YORK CARDS.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

DAIRYMEN, FARMERS,

AND OTHERS

CONSIGN YOUR

Ashes, Beeswax, Beans,

Butter, Cheese, Eggs,

Flour and Meal,

Flax, Cotton,

Furs and Skins,

Dried and Green Fruits,

Grain, Wool, Game,

Poultry, Naval Stores,

Hops, Ginseng, Feathers,

Hemp, Provisions,

Oil, Lard, Tallow

Tobacco, Seeds, Sorghum,

Molasses, Etc., Etc.,

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THE subscriber, late a member of this well known firm, has established a Wholesale Agency,

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Opposite A. T. Stewart's Dry Goods Palace, corner Tenth street.

Where he will be pleased to receive the orders of his friends and public, and especially to hear from those who have so liberally bestowed their patronage on the firm heretofore. He will supply these superior Instruments to the trade, Wholesale and Retail, at the very Lowest Prices, made with the Insulated Iron Rim and Frame (cast in one solid plate). They excel all others in durability, superiority of tone, and elegance of external appearance.

All these Pianos have overstrung Scales, giving in connection with the patent Iron Rim and Frame, Full, Round, Powerful and Sweet Mellow Tones. The Cases are elegant in appearance and easily and safely handled.

☞ Warranted to prove satisfactory, or the money returned.

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Our Latest Improved

NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.

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THESE instruments, after the most flattering testimonials from the first Pianists in the country, who, at our solicitation, have tested them in the severest manner *possible*, have been pronounced THE FINEST SQUARE PIANO-FORTE MADE IN THE WORLD.

It has always been our policy, during the *thirty-two years* that we have manufactured Pianos, *twelve thousand* of which are now in use in the United States and Europe, to give the finest instrument at the lowest cost. Our superior facilities enable us to offer them from one to three hundred dollars less than any other First Class House.

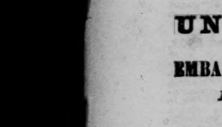
The tone of these instruments are remarkable for their peculiar Sweetness and Great Brilliancy, never losing their quality when forced to their utmost capacity. The lower register retaining its positiveness, does not destroy the middle and upper registers by mingling with them in disagreeable confusion, the refined beauty of tone being equally delightful to the unpracticed and to the most cultivated ear.

They are an entirely new style of Piano, finished in the most superb manner, *with four full round corners front and back*, heavily carved legs and Lyre Serpentine Base richly moulded, and each instrument is fully warranted for five years. sep5 dawly

REEVES' AMBROSIA

FOR THE HAIR.

Improved!



It is an elegant Dressing for the Hair.

It causes the Hair to Curl beautifully.

It keeps the Scalp Clean and Healthy.

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It immediately stops Hair Falling Out.

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It restores Gray Hair to its Original Color.

It brings out Hair on heads that have been bald for years.

It is composed entirely of simple and purely vegetable substances.

It has received over six thousand voluntary testimonials of its excellence, many of which are from physicians in high standing.

It is sold in half-pound bottles (the name blown in the glass), by Druggists and Dealers in Fancy Goods everywhere, at One Dollar per Bottle.

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PAMPHLETS OF ALL KINDS,

Are complete in every particular.

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In fact we are able to execute everything in the Printing Line, in a style and at prices entirely satisfactory to our customers, and hope that the public may extend to us a liberal share of their patronage. jan26

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The Great General Restorative

ONLY needs to be mentioned to receive the approving voice of every user. It is now the most popular among all invigorators. You have ten gallons in one bottle of that which will make you young, and keep your system above all tendencies to disease, as well as overcome the worst diseases of the country. It should be in every house and taken every day at this season of the year.

FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.,
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Can be had at all first-class Druggists. je12 1m

TO THE PUBLIC.

The Greatest Discovery Known to the World in Medicine.

THE

EUREKA LIFE-BLOOD ELIXIR

HAS at last made its way into this country, after having been in use in the old world for so many years, and especially in China. The celebrated alchemist and chemist, Dr. Hepburn, of Pekin, China, has at last consented to his great CHINESE REMEDY being introduced on this continent, and has established a few wholesale agencies for the purpose of supplying all druggists throughout the towns and cities of our country. This great Blood Medicine has performed cures (the most astonishing that even other remedy known in *Materia Medica* has most signally failed.

It is no Humbug

—OR—

QUACK NOSTRUM,

But is a preparation which has been brought out after many long years of the deepest research, aided by the greatest chemical science and skill that could be brought to bear in its production, we therefore place it wholly

UPON ITS OWN MERITS,

ASKING THE INVALID OR AFFLICTED TO

TRY IT ONCE

To be fully convinced, as its effects are instantaneous from the first dose taken, entering at once into the blood and penetrating every pore of the whole body, driving out every impurity, and infusing new life, health and vitality instead *PURE LIFE BLOOD*: hence its name.

☞ For Sale by all Druggists. ma26 tf

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TREMOULET & LETOREY,
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Consider Your Health.

THE finely finished bathing boat of Mr. Hundhausen, deceased, is again open for the use of ladies and gentlemen, or private families. The boat lies at the foot of Washington street. Refitted and furnished with all comforts, there is not another place in the city like it.

Season Tickets, $10; Private Baths, 50 cents; Season do., 25c. All in search of healthy recreation are invited.

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THE GREAT REMEDY for PILES.

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jy1 192 Main street.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE undersigned heretofore trading under the name of LEHMAN & CO., Memphis, Tenn., and LEHMAN & JOHNSON, Holly Springs, Miss., give notice that said firms and partnerships are this day dissolved by mutual consent.

CYRUS JOHNSON,
J. C. JOHNSON,
E. W. LEHMAN.

Memphis, June 16, 1868. je16 6t

MEMPHIS APPEAL

BY TELEGRAPH.

Noon Dispatches.

BROWNSVILLE, July 2.—In the Supreme Court to-day the following proceedings were had: Miller vs. Morrow, advisement; Howell vs. Reed, reversed; Anderson vs. State, order of suspension superceded; Randolph vs. Metcalf, advisement; Cross vs. Harden, report on title ordered; Coleman vs. Pitman, fees allowed; Wiggins vs. Malatesta, security to justify next term; Wickham vs. State, rehearing granted.

NEW YORK, July 2.—Last evening Mr. Belmont entertained the members of the Democratic National Executive Committee, and the question of distributing tickets of admission was discussed, but no final conclusion is known. Badges will be distributed to the delegates and members of the press, and no one will be permitted to go beyond the railing without.

The *Times* says Chief Justice Chase, as matters now stand, will not receive the vote of the New York delegation; and it may be added that it is impossible to find a Democrat who believes that he will be even mentioned in the Convention.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—A disturbance occurred last week at Freedmen's Village in Virginia. It seems Mr. Howard, Superintendent of the village, ordered a removal of hog pens in the village—which were declared as nuisances—and attempted to carry out the order, when the negroes, armed with razors and clubs, resisted, and wounded two or three white men engaged in superintending the village. Among the wounded are an Assistant Surgeon, a Clerk, and a Mr. Howard, not the General. Five or six negroes were arrested and confined in the Alexandria jail. A company of regulars is now camped at Freedmen's Village preserving order.

JACKSON, July 2.—Forty-seven of the sixty-one counties return a majority against the Constitution of 13,695. Four of the remaining counties will return a majority for the Constitution.

No case of violence has yet been reported from any portion of the State during the progress of the election.

This county registered a black majority of 1700, but has gone only 228 Radical majority. Lowndes county, with a registered black majority of 3000, returns but 1200 Radical majority.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY PEAL.
MEMPHIS, July 2, 1868.

We may look for more ease in the local money market, now that the quarterly statements of our national banks are made up. The quietness which has reigned during the last three days has been almost unprecedented in our city, and is attributable to the feeling which would naturally prevail for a short time after the suspension of one of our best known banks, and the usual suspension of all discounts just previous to the close of each quarter.

In exchange there was nothing done worthy of especial note. Rates are steady at yesterday's quotations.

In stocks and bonds there was no movement of any kind, though the inquiry was active, especially for city bonds, which we continue to quote nominally at 55 to 56c. On other securities our quotations are entirely nominal. Mississippi and Tennessee, 1st mortgage, 50c; 2d do, 32 to 35c. Memphis and Ohio Railroad stock, 10c; 1st mortgage 10s, 30c; 2d do 6s, 20c. Mississippi Central, 1st mortgage, 57 to 58c; 2d do, 40 to 41c. Memphis and Charleston Railroad stock, 55c. Memphis and Little Rock bonds, 42 to 44c; do Navy bonds, 52c.

Gold opened to-day in New York at 140¼c and closed at 140⅜c. Brokers here are buying all that offers at 138½ to 139c; selling at 139½ to 140c with light transactions.

In City Scrip there is almost nothing doing. Brokers buy at 75 to 76c and sell at 77 to 80c. Ledger balances and Scrip are about the same, with a preference only for Scrip in small pieces.

County Warrants are dull and nominal. Buying at 60c; selling at 63 to 65c.

Police Scrip quiet. Buying at 80c; selling at 82 to 83c.

In reference to the question of State bonds and the way the attachment came about, the Nashville *Banner* of the 1st says:

The State Board of Finance was yesterday notified that an application would be made to Judge Trigg, of the United States District Court, for an injunction to restrain them from making any appropriation or disposition of the moneys in which they have already realized or which may hereafter come to their hands under the provisions of the act organizing the Board of Finance, otherwise than in accordance with the requirement of the said act of the trust thereby created, and especially from preferring any other class of creditors of the State in preference or to the exclusion of any other class of such creditors, and from appropriating such funds to the payment of interest hereafter to accrue and become due and payable upon bonds of said State, the principal money of which is not yet become due, in preference and to the exclusion of the principal bonds of the State now outstanding and unpaid, and the interest of which has accrued and become payable thereon; and in like manner to restrain the Board of Finance from making any sale, loan or hypothecation of bonds issued or to be issued under the authority of the act organizing said board, without concurrently paying off outstanding bonds and interest to an amount equal to the amount of such bonds so issued or to be issued, and sold, loaned or hypothecated by the board.

This bill is filed for the purpose of compelling a payment of a portion of the funds raised by the Board of Finance on the over-due May bonds, the complainants insisting that it is as obligatory on the board to pay the principal that is due, as to pay the interest on the bonds not yet due. Immediate action on the bill would have been required if the attachments in New York had not anticipated the action here and rendered it unnecessary to press the question presented by this bill. It will, however, probably be disposed of on Friday next.

The effect of the attachment in New York of the money forwarded to pay the July interest on the State debt has been fearful, throwing our bonds down to 68½ cents—a decline of 8 cents in a day and a half. The parties who have attached the funds of the State know well what they are about, and there is no hope for Tennessee finances now. So bitter are the managers here, that even repudiation has been threatened, and it is difficult to say what the present embarrassment may lead to. They accuse the agent of the State, who is one of the Financial Board, as well as a large bondholder, of bringing about the attachment, to subserve his own private interests. The "ring" in New York will take care to manage the judiciary should the State attempt to test the matter in the courts. The July interest falls due to-day, and, of course, cannot be paid, and our State bonds are irretrievably sinking.

Gross mismanagement of the funds of the State must be charged upon the present administration. Since the disappearance of the school fund, there has existed a feeling of distrust throughout the community, and this last disastrous stroke, it is believed, has sunk the credit of the State beyond redemption.

There is nothing surprising, however, in the present condition of affairs. The Republican ship is sinking, and the rats that have fed from her bounty are deserting her as the storm is breaking. If there is an honest man in all that once powerful organization, the best that he can do will be to follow the deserters and save himself ere the rotten old hulk is engulfed forever.

Cotton was dull in Liverpool at the opening to-day—Uplands, 11¼d; Orleans, 11⅝d. The market was irregular at noon, and at the close was quiet but steady; sales 8000 bales.

The New York market opened with a fair demand and prices firm; high grades were very strong—Middlings, 32c. At noon prices were still firm, and were also firm and unchanged at the close—Low Middlings, 30c; Middlings, 32c; Orleans, 32½c; Good Middlings, 32½c; sales 2000 bales.

In our market there was nothing done. Holders ask 31c for Middlings.

COTTON STATEMENT.
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE,
MEMPHIS, July 2, 1868.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1867		1,080
Received to-day	9	
Received previously	252,851	252,863
		253,943
Exported to-day	13	
Exported previously	253,481	253,494
Stock on hand		449

There was no change in the Wheat market yesterday, and only a few sales reported. We quote No. 1 at $2 per bushel; No. 2, $1 75 to 1 85; inferior, $1 50 to 1 65. Mess Pork, quiet at $29 00 to 29 50. Prime Mess, $26 50 to 27 50. Rump, $25 00 to 26 00. Clear Bacon Sides, 17 to 17½c; Clear Rib, 16½ to 16⅔c; Rib, 16 to 16½c; Shoulders, 13½ to 14c; country meats, ½ to ⅔c lower; plain Sugar Cured Hams, 18 to 19; plain smoked, 17 to 18c; Sugar Cured Canvassed, 20 to 21c. Lard is weak at 16½ to 19c in tierces; kegs, 19 to 20c. Corn is dull; we quote on levee at 90 to 92c; from store, 97c to $1 00. Oats in small way, 78 to 80c; on landing at 75 to 77c. Bran is lower; a sale occurred at $26 00 on levee, in poor sacks; held at $28 00 to 30 00 in store. Hay, quiet at $16 00, in a small way, on levee; $1 to 2 higher from store. Meal is scarce, with some difficulty in supplying the demand; we quote fresh at $4 40 to 4 50, in lots, on arrival; kilndried, $4 65 to 4 75; selling at $4 75 to 5 00 from store, in a small way. Old chickens, $4 50 to 4 75; young, $2 50 to 3 50. Eggs, scarce, 19 to 20c. Flour, quiet and weak; Superfine, $7 50 to 8 50; X, $8 00 to 9 50; XX, $10 to 11; XXX, $12 to 13; Fancy Brands, $14 00 to 14 50. New Potatoes are in light demand at 70 to 75c per bushel and $2 to 2 50 per barrel. Butter is very scarce at 28 to 30c for choice country and Western. Cheese dull—prices range from 13½ to 17c for good. Coffee is quiet, with fair stock; Rio, 21 to 26½c; Java, 38 to 42c. Molasses firm; Sugarhouse, in barrels, 65c to 90c; half barrels, 80c to $1 00; kegs, $10 to 10 50. New Onions, quiet at $4 to 5 per barrel. Salt steady; barrels, $3 00; sacks, $2 75 to 3; Dairy Salt per barrel, $4 00. Tar in kegs per dozen, $6 to 6 50. Sugar firm; prime to choice Louisiana, 16 to 18c; fair, 14 to 15c; Island Sugars, 13 to 16c. Tobacco—logs to common, 5 to 12c; selections, 18 to 20c; fancy work natural leaf, $1 00 to $1 25; bright pounds fancy, $1 to $1 25; medium, 80c to $1; common, 60 to 75c; smoking, fine and fancy, $1 to $1 25; common, 35 to 75c. Whisky is dull; a lot on consignment was put on the market, and $1 was the best bid received; buyers are awaiting the tax question.

In the cattle market we have no change to note; choice beeves are dull at 5 to 7c gross; inferior, 3 to 4½c. Hogs, 4 to 5c gross. Sheep are very dull at $1 50 to 2 50 per head in lots.

ST. LOUIS.

THE COLLIER WHITE LEAD & OIL COMPANY
ESTABLISHED 1837. INCORPORATED 1851.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

THOMAS RICHESON.....PRESIDENT
CHARLES K. VICKERS.....SECRETARY

COLLIER COMPANY'S MANUFACTURES

For Sale

BY ALL DEALERS IN

Memphis and Mississippi Valley

ap9 d sodawêm

BUCK EYE SALVE,

A CERTAIN CURE FOR PILES.

Sold by W. H. SEABROOK,
jy1 167 Main street.

RECEIVER'S SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE PROPERTY

NOTICE is hereby given that as Receiver, appointed by the Circuit Court of Crittenden county, Arkansas, in the case of John H. Wagner vs. O. F. Lyle, Trustee et als., I will sell, to the highest bidder, at MOUND CITY, ARKANSAS, on

Thursday, the 9th Day of July, 1868,

—THE—

STEAMBOAT PEOSTA,

With all her Machinery, Tackle, Furniture, etc.

TERMS—One thousand dollars cash, balance on credit of six and twelve months. Notes with approved security to be given, and a lien to be retained on the boat.

And at the same time and place, I will let, to the highest bidder, for the term of twelve months, the

Mound City Ferry Privilege,

Or right to run a ferryboat to Mound City, Arkansas.

TERMS—Rent to be paid monthly. Security for payment to be given and a right of re-entry, and to declare the lease forfeited for non-payment to be reserved.

This is well known to be the most valuable ferry privilege in the vicinity of Memphis.

je28 1d JAMES G. BERRY, Receiver.

BUCK EYE SALVE,

A CERTAIN CURE FOR PILES.

Sold by G. D. JOHNSON,
jy1 151 Main street.

RUSSELL'S

Dispensary, Infirmary and Drug Store,

Nos. 40 and 42 North Court St.,

MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.

DR. RUSSELL'S DISPENSARY AND INFIRMARY is the largest and oldest institution of the kind in the southwest, established in 1839, pleasantly located at Nos. 40 and 42 North side of Court Square, Memphis, Tenn., is open for the reception of patients desiring treatment and the comforts of a home while receiving the same. Patients also treated at the office or by letter, if desired. DR. RUSSELL is acknowledged by all parties interested as by far the MOST SUCCESSFUL PHYSICIAN in the treatment of Private or Secret Diseases. Quick, thorough and permanent cures guaranteed in every case, male or female. Recent cases of GONORRHŒA and SYPHILIS cured in a few days, without the use of Mercury, change of diet or hindrance from business. SECONDARY SYPHILIS; the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary loss of Semen stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency or Loss of Sexual Power restored to free vigor in a few weeks. Gleet or Gonorrhœa of long standing, when all internal remedies have failed, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Victims of SELF-ABUSE and excessive Venery, suffering from SPERMATORRHŒA and loss of physical and mental power, speedily and permanently cured.

☞ All consultations strictly confidential.

Chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Paralysis, Deafness, etc., treated by the aid of Electro Magnetic Battery.

Office hours from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m., and from 2 to 8 p.m

Those wishing to purchase Drugs, Family Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, etc., would do well to call at RUSSELL'S DRUG STORE before purchasing elsewhere, No. 42 North Court street, under Lee Dispensary. je27

TAKEN UP.—LARGE CHESTNUT SORREL HORSE, branded with letter H on right fore shoulder, and blaze face, white right hind foot. The owner can obtain same by proving property, and applying to

STEPHEN STEEL,
je6 2w* At Capt. Tobin's Cotton Shed.

BANKS AND BANKING

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK OF MEMPHIS,

No. 293 Main Street.

A. CORDES, : : : : : : President.
H. H. METTE, : : : : Vice President.
MARTIN GRIFFIN, : : : : Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

A. CORDES, H. H. METTE,
F. ENGLEBRICHT, J. C. HOFFMAN,
E. M APPERSON, L. HANAUER,
JACOB WELLER.

Collections made on all accessible points in the Southwest.

Exchange for sale on principal cities of United States and Europe.

feb4 6m

GAS FIXTURES, ETC.

CAS FIXTURES.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Gas Chandeliers, 2, 3, 4, 6, and 12 Lights,
Pendants, 1 and 2 Lights,
Brackets, 1 and 2 Lights,
Pillars and Globes,

Latest styles of Cornelius & Baker's celebrated manufacture, for sale at Factory Prices.

je7 das tf PULLEN & HAMMOCK.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.

A. HUNN & CO.

Have removed their

Steamboat Bakery, Bread and Cracker Depot,

—TO—

Cor. Jefferson and Promenade Streets,

je21 1m Opposite Steamboat Landing.

S. D. McCLURE

REMOVED FROM No. 280 MAIN TO

No. 279 1-2 MAIN ST., UP-STAIRS

ma29 1m Opposite his Old Stand.

Removed.

WE have removed our office from No. 11 Monroe street to No. 290 Front street, up-stairs.

je6 1m PARTEE & HARBERT.

REMOVAL.

THE General Southern Freight Office of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has been removed from the old stand to

No. 266 Front Row, over

The well known house of Toof, Phillips & Co

Through Bills Lading given to all Eastern cities. Rates as low and time as quick as by any other route.

G. R. BLANCHARD, General Freight Agent, Baltimore.

H. F. HECKERT, Western Agent, Cincinnati.

E. D. COBB, Agent,
se24 Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

TRUST SALES.

Trust Sale.

PURSUANT to the provisions of a Deed of Trust executed to me as Trustee on the 1st day of February, 1867, by Jos. W. Alley, which has been duly registered in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tenn., in book No. 42, pages 531 and 532, for the purpose of securing the payment of certain notes described in said deed, I will,

On the 29th Day of July, 1868,

Between the hours of 10 a.m. and 1 p.m. expose to public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, at the courthouse door, on Union street, below Second street, in the city of Memphis, the following described real estate, conveyed by said deed, to wit: Situated in the city of Memphis, beginning at the south-west corner of Shelby and Pontotoc streets; thence with the west side of Shelby street twenty-five feet south; thence parallel with Pontotoc street westward two hundred feet to the east side of Clinton street; thence northward with the east line of Clinton street twenty-six feet; thence south line of Pontotoc street; thence eastward with the south line of Pontotoc street two hundred feet, to the beginning; being part of the lot conveyed to said Jos W. Alley by F. Lane on the 10th day of May, 1866.

The title is conveyed to be perfect, but I will convey only such as is vested in me as Trustee. The equity of redemption is waived.

je27 tds F. W. ROYSTER, Trustee.

Commissioner's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery Court at Hinds county, Mississippi, for the first district of said county, rendered at the May Term, 1868, in the case of M. M. Jacomagin et al. vs. Ann W. Simms, Adm'x of J. T. Simms, deceased, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of Coahoma county, appointed special Commissioner by said decree, will,

On the 30th Day of July, 1868,

At the Courthouse of Coahoma county, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, a tract of land in said county of Coahoma, Mississippi, described as follows: It is the east half section 22; the west half and the west half of the east half of section 23; the north half northeast quarter of section 27; north half northwest quarter of section 26; the northeast quarter of northeast quarter of section 28; the east half southeast quarter of section 15—all in township 29, range 3 west, being the plantation formerly cultivated by J. T. Simms.

FRANK S. BELCHER,
je28 law4w Sheriff of Coahoma County,
And Commissioner.

Commissioner's Sale.

State of Mississippi, Washington county—In Chancery, May Term, 1868.

No. 1455—Hart, Johnson & Co., vs. T. D. Elliott et als.—Injunction and Attachment Bills.

PURSUANT to a decree of the Chancery Court of the county of Washington, State of Mississippi, rendered in the above entitled cause on the 18th day of May, A.D., 1868, the undersigned, Commissioner, will sell, at the door of the Courthouse of said county, to the highest bidder, between the hours prescribed by law, on the

Tenth Day of August, A.D., 1868,

All the right, title and interest of the defendant, John S. Woodburn, as the sole surviving heir-at-law and devisee of John Woodburn, deceased, and in his own right in and to the following described land, to-wit: All of section number three, all of fractional section seventeen, lying south of Rose Lake ditch, being a continuation of the section line between sections two and three; also, the west half of the northwest quarter and the west half of the southwest quarter of section eighteen, all in township seventeen, range nine (9) west, containing in all about nine hundred and four and three-quarter (904¾) acres, in the county of Washington, State of Mississippi. Terms of sale as follows, to-wit: ONE-THIRD (⅓) CASH, balance in one and two years, bond and security being required from the purchaser and a lien to be reserved on said lands; and in the event the purchaser fails to pay the bonds executed by him, either one of them at maturity, the undersigned, Commissioner, is authorized, upon application from any party interested, to expose the said lands for sale anew, for the amount so due and unpaid.

I will also offer for sale, at the same time, at the front door of the Courthouse of said county, to the highest bidder, for CASH, between the hours prescribed by law, all the right, title and interest of the defendant, John S. Woodburn, in and to the following described lands, to-wit: The southeast quarter and the east half of the northeast quarter of section eighteen, and the northwest quarter of section twenty-one, in township seventeen, range nine west, in said county of Washington, and State of Mississippi.

E. J. COMSTOCK,
je6 daw s td Commissioner.

BANKRUPT SALE.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Benjamin Boxhorn, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee.

THE undersigned, assign